Product Specification 製品規格

18JUN2013 Rev. C6

AMP-ECONOSEAL "J" Mark II+ Connector

1. Scope:

1.1 Contents:

This specification covers the requirements for product performance, test methods and quality assurance provisions of AMP-ECONOSEAL-J Mark II + Connector.

The applicable product descriptions and part number are as follows:

Part Number	Descriptions					
171630	.070 Series Receptacle Contact					
171662	.070 Series Receptacie Contact					
171631	.070 Series Tab Contact					
171661						
172746 172888						
178210						
176886	Rubber Plug for .070					
900324						
900325						
172748	Cavity Plug for .070					
174877	1-Position Plug Housing for .070 Series					
174878	Double Lock Plate for .070 Series 1-Position Plug Housing					
174879	1-Position Cap Housing for .070 Series					
174880	Double Lock Plate for .070 Series 1-Position Cap Housing					
174352	.070 Series 2-Position Plug Housing					
174353	Double Lock Plate for .070 Series 2-Position Plug Housing					
174354	.070 Series 2-Position Cap Housing					
174355	Double Lock Plate for .070 Series 2-Position Cap Housing					
174357	.070 Series 3-Position Plug Housing					
174358	Double Lock Plate for .070 Series 3-Position Plug Housing					
174359	.070 Series 3-Position Cap Housing					
174360	Double Lock Plate for .070 Series 3-Position Cap Housing					

Fig.1 (Continued)



Part Number	Descriptions
174257	.070 Series 4-Position Plug Housing
174258	Double Lock Plate for .070 Series 4-Position Plug Housing
174259	.070 Series 4-Position Cap Housing
174260	Double Lock Plate for .070 Series 4-Position Cap Housing
174262	.070 Series 6-Position Plug Housing
174263	Double Lock Plate for .070 Series 6-Position Plug Housing
174264	.070 Series 6-Position Cap Housing
174265	Double Lock Plate for .070 Series 6-Position Cap Housing
174982	.070 Series 8-Position Plug Housing
174983	Double Lock Plate for .070 Series 8-Position Plug Housing
174984	.070 Series 8-Position Cap Housing
174985	Double Lock Plate for .070 Series 8-Position Cap Housing
174655	.070 Series 10-Position Plug Housing
174656	Double Lock Plate for .070 Series 10-Position Plug Housing
174657	.070 Series 10-Position Cap Housing
174658	Double Lock Plate for .070 Series 10-Position Cap Housing
174661	.070 Series 12-Position Plug Housing
174662	Double Lock Plate for .070 Series 12-Position Plug Housing
174663	.070 Series 12-Position Cap Housing
174664	Double Lock Plate for .070 Series 12-Position Cap Housing

Fig.1(End)

2. Applicable Documents:

The following documents form a part of this specification to the extent specified herein. In the event of conflict between the requirements of this specification and the product drawing, the product drawing shall take precedence. In the event of conflict between the requirements of this specification and the referenced documents, this specification shall take precedence.

2.1 TE Specifications:

A. 109-5000: Test Specification, General Requirements for Test Methods

B. 114-5082 : Application Specification, Crimping Contacts for AMP-ECONOSEAL-J Mark $\,$ II $^+$ 114-5230 $\,$ Connector

C. 501-5322 : Qualification Test Report

D. 412-5325 : AMP-ECONOSEAL-J Mark II + Connector

Rev. C6 2 of 14



2.2 Reference Documents:

JASO D 605 : Automotive Multi-pole Connectors

JASO D 7101 : Test Methods for Molded Plastic Parts

JIS C 3406 : Low Voltage Cables for Automobiles

 ${\tt JIS~D~0203} \qquad \vdots \qquad {\tt Method~of~Moisture,~Rain~and~Spray~Test~for~Automobile~Parts}$

JIS D 0204 : Method of High and Low Temperature Test for Automobile Parts

JIS D 1601 : Vibration Testing Method for Electronic Components

JIS D 0205 : General Rules of Weatherability for Automobile Testing

JIS K 6301 : Physical Testing Methods for Vulcanized Rubber

JIS K 2202 : Gasoline for Automobiles

2.3 Definition of Terms:

2.3.1 Contact:

An electrically conductive metallic member, used independently or as a component of a connector assembly to form circuit connection by contacting.

2.3.2 Housing:

A dielectric component member of a connector made of insulating material that encapsulate contact in its contact cavities. In this product line, cap housing that encapsulates tab contacts, and plug housing that encapsulates receptacle contacts are available.

2.3.3 Double Lock Plate:

Attached to the housing, this plate is intended to detect improper contact mating as well as to increase contact retention force.

2.3.4 Rubber Plug:

Attached to wire side of tab contact and receptacle contact, this plug is purposed for water-proofing.

2.3.5 Cavity Plug:

This plug is used for blinding housing holes of unused contact position for such connector as having two or more positions.

2.3.6 Seal Ring:

This ring is attached to plug housing and serves for water-proofing when mated with cap housing.

Rev. C6 3 of 14



2.3.7 Connector:

A connector is an assembly of housing and crimped wire contacts with rubber plugs loaded in all contact positions, and further equipped with double lock plate. In this product line, cap housing assembled with tab contact and plug housing assembled with both receptacle contact and seal ring are available.

3. Requirements:

3.1 Design and Construction:

Product shall be of the design, construction and physical dimensions specified on the applicable product drawing.

3.2 Materials:

A. Contact:

Pretinned brass or plain brass with selective gold plating over nickel underplate, conforming to Copper Alloy 260 of ASTM B 36, or pretinned phosphor bronze or plain phosphor bronze with selective gold plating over nickel underplate.

B. Housing and Double Lock Plate: Molded Polybuthlene-terephthalate (PBT) conforming to UL $94\,\mathrm{V}\text{-}2$

C. Accessories and Hardware:

Rubber Plug: Nitrile Butadiene Rubber or Silicon

Cavity Plug: Nitrile Butadiene Rubber

Seal Ring: Nitrile Butadiene Rubber or Silicon

3.3 Ratings:

A. Temperature Rating: −30°C to + 105°C (Ambient Temperature + Temperature Rise due to energized current)

3.3.1 Applicable Wires:

Part	Number	Applicable Wire	Insulation
Contact	Rubber Plug	Conductor Size (mm²)	Diameter (mm)
171630 171631	172746 178210	AV and AVS 0.2, 0.3, 0.5 one wire	1.4~2.4
171661 171662	172888 176886	AV and AVS (Note 1) 0.5, 0.85, 1.25 one wire	2~2.6

Note 1: 1.25mm² wire is applied to AVS only.

2 : AVS stands for thin wire for automobile.

Rev. C6 4 of 14



3.4 Performance and Test Descriptions:

The product is designed to meet the electrical, mechanical and environmental performance requirements specified in Para. 3.5. All tests are performed at ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.

3.5 Test Requirements and Procedures Summary:

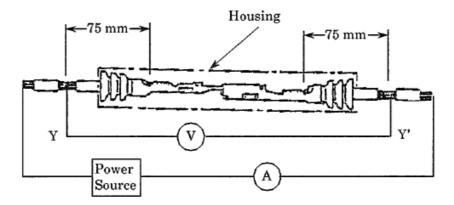
Para.	Test Items	Requir	ements	Procedures
3.5.1	Confirmation of Product			Visually, dimensionally and functionally inspected per applicable inspection plan.
3.5.2	Connector Mating Force	1 39 2 49 3 59		Measure the force required to mate connector using locking latch by operating at 100mm approx. a minute, with the locking mechanism of housing set in effect.
3.5.3	Contact Mating Force	2.94~7.85N: per .070 Ser. Contact		Measure the force required to mate contact by operating the head at a rate of 100mm approx. a minute.
3.5.4	Connector Unmating Force	1 29 2 39 3 49 4 68.6 6 78.5 8 98 10 118		Measure the force required to mate connector using locking latch by operating at 100mm a minute, without the locking mechanism of housing set in effect.
3.5.5	Contact Unmating Force	12 137 2.94~7.85N: .070 Ser. Contact		Apply an axial pull-off load to one of mated contacts. Measure the force required to unmate contact by operating the head at a rate of 100mm approx. a minute.

Rev. C6 5 of 14



Para.	Test Items	Requir	ements	Procedures
	Double Lock Plate	No. of Pos.	Loading Force N Max.	Fix housing of the testing machine,
	Loading Force	1	29	and insert locking plate in axial
		2	39	direction by operating the head at a
3.5.6		3	39	rate of 100mm approx. a minute. Measure the force required to
3.3.0		4	39	complete loading of locking plate.
		6	39	complete loading of locking plate.
		8	59	
		10	59	
		12	59	
3.5.7	Termination Resistance (Low Level)	$3m\Omega$ max. (Initial) $10m\Omega$ max. (Final)		Measure by applying closed circuit current of 50mA max. at open circuit voltage of 50mV max. to the mated contact test circuit in housing. Fig.2.
3.5.8	Termination Resistance (Specified Current)	Millivolt Drop: 3mV/A max. (Initial) 10mV/A max. (Final)		Measure by applying 1A at 12V DC to contacts in mated connectors, by probing at 75mm apart from wire crimp after temperature becomes stabilized. (Probing at Y and Y in Fig.2) Fig.2.

Termination Resistance (Low Level):



Termination resistance is obtained after deducting the millivolt drop of 150mm-long wire used for termination.

Probing points Y and Y' shall be pretreated by uniform soldering in order to stabilize measurement reading during the test.

Fig.2 Measurement of Termination Resistance

Rev. C6 6 of 14



Para.	Test Items		Require	ements	Procedures			
3.5.9	Insulation Resistance	100MΩ min. (Initial)			Measure by applying test potential between the adjacent contacts, and between the contacts and ground in the mated connectors.			
	Dielectric Strength	test por	tential of . No phys	withstand 1.0kVAC for 1 sical damage after the test.	Measure by applying test potential between the adjacent contacts, and between the contacts and ground in the mated connector. Fig.3.			
3.5.10			$\times\!\!\!\times\!$		Measuring Apparatus Between the Adjacent Contacts			
		+						
		Between the Contact and Housing						
		Fig.3						
3.5.11	Handling Ergonomics	No abnormal touch shall be perceived during mating/ unmating, that may cause pain or fatigue on separator's hand.			Repeat mating and unmating of connectors by hands.			
	Crimp Tensile	Wire	e Size	Crimp Tensile	Apply an axial pull-off load to			
	Strength	mm ²	(AWG)	N Min	crimped wire of contact secured on the tester, at a rate of 100mm (4.0")			
		0.2	(#24)	68.6	a minute.			
3.5.12		0.3	(#22)	78.5				
		0.5	(#20)	88.3				
		0.85	(#18)	127	TE Spec. 109-5205			
		1.25 (#16) 177			112 % poor 100 0200			
3.5.13	Contact Retention Force	Contact shall not dislodge a distance greater than 78.5N Min.			Apply an axial load to 0.85mm ² , 100mm long crimped contact on housing. Measure the force required to dislodge the contact from housing.			
					TE Spec. 109-30			

Rev. C6 7 of 14



Para.	Test Items	Requirements	Procedures
3.5.14	Housing Locking Retention Force:	98 N min.	Fix mated pair of connectors on testing machine, and apply an axial separating force to one of them. Measure the force required to separate the connectors, with or without breakage of locking leg.
3.5.15	Watertight Sealing	49kPa (4.9mN/mm²) min. (Initial) 29.4kPa (2.9mN/mm²) min. (Final) Masking with Adhesive Agent Soldered Conductors	Blow compressed air into mated pair of connectors through a small hole. For this test, wire ends are sealed with solder and adhesive masking. Place the connectors in 30cm deep water, and must withstand the air pressure of 9.8kPa (1mN/mm²) for 30 seconds. Increase pressure at a rate of 9.8kPa (1mN/ mm²) each time until air leakage takes place.
		Fig.4	
3.5.16	Temperature Life:	Must meet the specified requirements after testing in the sequence specified in Fig.7.	Expose mated connectors under elevated temperature at $120\pm2^{\circ}$ C for 120 hours. Recondition in the room temperature before subsequent measurement.
3.5.17	Resistance to Cold	Must meet the specified requirements after testing in the sequence specified in Fig.7.	Expose mated pair of connectors under the cold atmosphere at -50 $\pm 5^{\circ}$ C for 120 hours. Recondition in the room temperature before the subsequence measurement.
3.5.18	Resistance to "Kojiri" 5 mm Plug Housing Cap Housi	ng	Tightly secure a connector on a sturdy bench, and mate the counterpart connector. In the unmating way, apply 196N·cm (T) force in right-left directions at every 1mm graduation along the disengaging full stroke. Making one disengagement a cycle repeat for 25 cycles. When the first direction cycles are completed, apply another 25 cycles to the traverse directions or manually repeat mating /
	Connector tightly secure	Fig.5	unmating of connectors for 50 cycles with Kojiri motion mode. Fig.5.

Rev. C6 8 of 14



Para.	Test Items	Requirements		Pro	ocedures	
3.5.19	Resistance to Liquid Detergents:	Must meet the specified requirements after testing in the sequence specified in Fig.9.	Immerse mated connectors into commercially suppliable car washer liquid detergent at $50\pm2^{\circ}\!$			hours. water
3.5.20	Resistance to Coolant	Must meet the specified requirements after testing in the sequence specified in Fig.9.	Immerse mated connectors into commercially suppliable L.L.C (long lift coolant) at $50\pm2^{\circ}$ C for 2 hours. After the duration, lines in tap water for 5 minutes, and have it dried before subsequent measurement.			
	Resistance to Oil	Must meet the specified requirements after testing in the sequence specified in			onnectors into opecified sequen	
		Fig.9.	No.	Oil Names	Temperature	Dura- tion
3.5.21	91			Engine Oil (SAE 10w)	50±2℃	60 min.
0.0.21			2	Kerosene Linse	Room Temp.	5 min.
			3	Motor Gasoline	Room Temp.	60 min.
			4	Drying w/o Powered Ventilation	Room Temp.	AS Req'd
3.5.22	Resistance to Ozone	Must meet the specified requirements after testing in the sequence specified in Fig.9.	Suspend mated connector in a closed container, and expose in ozone atmosphere of 50 ± 5 ppm concentration per JIS K 6301, Para.16, at 40 ± 2 °C for 24 hours. After the duration, recondition in the room temperature, before subsequent measurement. Record cracking condition of tested rubber surfaces, according to JIS K 6301, Para.16.6.			tration :2°C ture, ed
3.5.23	Weather Aging:	Must meet the specified requirements after testing in the sequence specified in Fig.9.	Expose mated connectors under the sunshine carbon are light beam per JIS D 0205, Para.5.4 (WAN-1S), Aging Tester, at 63±3°C for 150 hours. Record cracking condition of tested rubber surfaces, according to JIS K 6301, Para.16.6.			

Rev. C6 9 of 14



Para.	Test Items	Requirements	Procedures
3.5.24	Dust Bombardment	Must meet the specified requirements after testing in the sequence specified in Fig.9.	Subject mated connectors to ejection of Port 1 and cement or Kanto loam dust powder dispersed by compressed air blowing at a rate of 1.5kg per 10 seconds at every other 15 minutes for the total of 1 hour. After completion of duration, repeat mating / unmating for 3 cycles.
3.5.25	Temperature Rising	50°C max. Must meet the specified requirements after testing in the sequence specified in Fig.9.	Subject mated connectors with all the contacts series wired, to be energized with the current of the intensity obtained by Fig.6. Measure temperature rising in a draft-free chamber after temperature becomes stabilized.
3.5.26	Water Sprinkle	Must meet the specified requirements after testing in the sequence specified in Fig. 9. Current Leakage: 100μ A max.	Suspend mated connector in a closed chamber. Subject it to heat at $120\pm3^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ for 40 minutes followed by sprinkling of water at room temperature for 20 minutes. Making this a cycles, repeat for 48 cycles per JIS D 0203. S1. Energize the contacts with 12VDC, and monitor the circuits for current leakage. Connected 2 meter lead wires are drawn out of the chamber for measurement.
3.5.27	Compound Environmental Testing (Optionally performed by customer's requirements)	Must meet the requirements after testing in the sequence specified in Fig.9.	Subject mated connectors, with all the loaded contacts series wired as shown in Fig.7, to 44m/s^2 (4.5G) Vibration to reciprocate between 20-200 Hz one cycle every 3 minutes for 100 hours each to three axial directions. Measure termination resistance (low level) at completion of each axis vibration cycle. During vibration, apply test current of the intensity obtain by Table 1, for 45 minutes ON, and 15 minutes OFF for 300 cycles, in the heat cycle test condition to reciprocate between $80\pm3^{\circ}\text{C}$, $-30\pm3^{\circ}\text{C}$, in $80\text{-}95\%$ R.H. atmosphere. Fig.8.

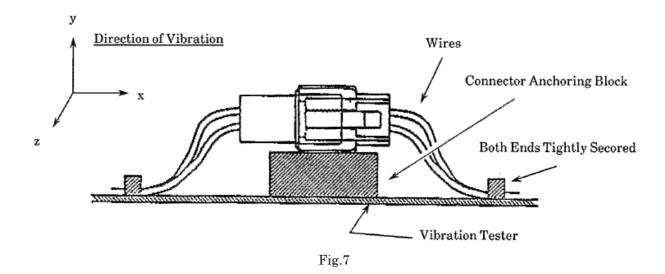
Rev. C6 10 of 14



Para.	Test Items	Requ	uirements	Procedures				
	Current Cycling	_	ne specified s after testing in specified in Fig.9.	Subject mated contact to test current of the intensity obtained by Fig.6 applied for 300 cycles intermittently 45 minutes ON, 15 minutes OFF to the series wired contacts.				
		Wire Size (mm²)	Test Current (DC A)	No. of Positions	Reduction Coefficient			
3.5.28		0.2 0.3 0.5 0.85 1.25 Note: Applying the currents	ng current is obtain rrent value of appli ient according to th	1 $2\sim3$ $4\sim5$ $6\sim8$ $9\sim12$ Fig.6 The description by calculation by calculation by calculation by cable wire size and the number of contact.	the reduction			
3.5.29	Vibration Sinusoidal High Frequency		discontinuity 1 microsecond	Subject mated cor 20-200 Hz travers with 44m/s² (4.50 velocity; 2 hours 6 "Y" axis, and 4 ho Monitor circuit for discontinuity greataking place in the contacts.	sed in 3 minutes (a) accelerated each for "X" and urs for "Z" axis. r electrical ater than 1 μ sec.			

Rev. C6 11 of 14





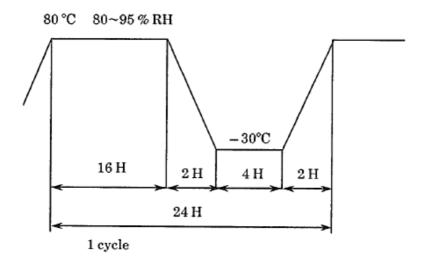


Fig.8

Rev. C6 12 of 14



4. Product Qualification and Requalification Testing:

					S	ample	Grouj	ps				
Test of Examination	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		Test Sequence										
Examination of Product	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1,4	1,4	1	1
Connector Mating Force				2,10								
Contact Engaging Force	2											
Connector Unmating Force				4,11								
Contact Separating Force	3											
Double Lock Plate Loading Force			2									
Termination Resistance Low Level				3,6 8		2,6 8,10			2,5	2,5	2,4	2,4
Termination Resistance Specified Current					2,5		$\begin{array}{c} 2.5 \\ 7 \end{array}$					
Watertight Sealing				9		12	8	3	6	6		
Insulation Resistance						3,11						
Dielectric Withstanding Strength					4							
Handling Ergonomics							3					
Contact Retention Force			3									
Housing Retention Force				12								
Temperature Life				5								
Resistance to Cold				7								
Water Sprinkle								2				
Resistance to Kojiri							4					
Crimp Tensile Strength		2										
Composite Environmental Test							6					
Resistance to Liquid Detergents						4						
Resistance to Coolant						5						
Resistance to Oil						7						
Resistance to Ozone									3			
Weather Aging										3		
Dust Bombardment						9						
Temperature Rise vs Current					3							
Vibration Sinusoidal High Frequency											3	
Current Cycling												3

Fig.9

Rev. C6 13 of 14

⁽a) The numbers in the columns indicate the sequence in which the tests are performed.



5. Quality Assurance Provisions:

5.1 Test Conditions:

Unless otherwise specified all the tests shall be performed in any combination of the following test conditions.

Temperature Relative Humidity	15~35℃ 45~75%
	86.7~107KPa
Atmospheric Pressure	$(650\sim800$ mmHg)

Fig. 10

5.2 Sample Preparation:

5.2.1 Samples:

The samples to be employed for the tests shall be prepared in accordance with 114-5082,

TE Application Specification, Crimping .070 & .250 Series Contact for AMP-ECONOSEAL "J" Mark II ⁺ Connector, by using the wires specified in Table 8. No sample shall be reused, unless otherwise specified.

5.2.2 Number of Samples:

The number of contact and connector samples shall be consisting of more than 10 pieces contacts for testing contact, and more than 2 sets of connectors for testing connector.

5.2.3 Wires Used:

The wires to be employed for the tests shall be the ones specified in Table 8.

Wire Size		Wire Strand		Cross-Sectional		
		Composition		Area		
Nominal	AWG	Strand Diameter (mm)	Number of Strands	$\mathbf{m}\mathbf{m}^2$	CMA	Remarks
0.2 0.3 0.5 0.85 1.25	#24 #22 #20 #18 #16	0.20 0.26 0.32 0.32 0.32	7 7 7 11 16	0.22 0.37 0.56 0.88 1.29	434 733 1111 1746 2540	Wires AV and thin wires (AVS) for automobiles. JIS C 3406

Fig.11

6.1 Crimping and Assembly Processing:

In order to maintain reliable termination performance of housing and contacts, crimping contact shall be performed in accordance with 114-5082, TE Application Specification,

Crimping .070 & .250 Series Contact for AMP-ECONOSEAL "J" Mark II + Connector.

Manufacturing harness and extracting contacts shall be performed in accordance with Customer Manual 412-5325, AMP-ECONOSEAL "J" Mark $\,$ II $^+$ Connectors.

Rev. C6 14 of 14