

Compliant with European standards (reinforced insulation) 1 Form A/1 Form C 6A Slim power relays

### FEATURES

1. High density mounting with 5 mm .197 inch width

Space saved with 5 mm .197 inch slim type with 28 mm 1.102 inch length. Allows high density mounting and use in compact devices.

#### 2. Satisfies reinforced insulation standard (EN/IEC 61810-1). 3. High switching capacity

Supports 6A 250 V AC nominal switching capacity (resistive load) and AC15 and DC13 (inductive load).

4. 1 Form A and 1 Form C contact arrangements with options for a variety of applications.

5. 4,000 V high breakdown voltage and
6,000 V high surge breakdown voltage.
Controller protection against surges and noise with a breakdown voltage of 4,000
Vrms for 1 min. between contacts and coil, and 6,000 V surge breakdown voltage between contacts and coil.
6. Resistance to heat and fire;
EN60335-1, clause 30 (GWT) approved.

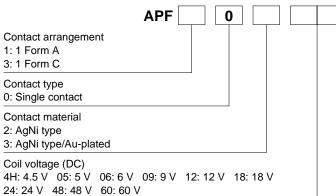
7. Sealed construction allows automatic washing.
8. Complies with all safety standards. UL, C-UL, VDE certified.

# PF RELAYS (APF)

## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

 Interface relays for programmable controllers
 Output relays for measuring equipment, timers, counters and temperature controllers
 Industrial equipment, office equipment
 Household appliances for Europe

# ORDERING INFORMATION



Note: UL/C-UL/VDE approved type is standard.

## **TYPES**

Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.	Contact arrangement	Nominal coil voltage	Part No.
1 Form A (AgNi type)	4.5V DC	APF1024H		4.5V DC	APF3024H
	5V DC	APF10205		5V DC	APF30205
	6V DC	APF10206		6V DC	APF30206
	9V DC	APF10209		9V DC	APF30209
	12V DC	APF10212	1 Form C (AgNi type)	12V DC	APF30212
(right type)	18V DC	APF10218	(, givi type)	18V DC	APF30218
	24V DC	APF10224		24V DC	APF30224
	48V DC	APF10248		48V DC	APF30248
	60V DC	APF10260		60V DC	APF30260
	4.5V DC	APF1034H		4.5V DC	APF3034H
	5V DC	APF10305		5V DC	APF30305
	6V DC	APF10306		6V DC	APF30306
	9V DC	APF10309		9V DC	APF30309
1 Form A (AgNi type/Au-plated)	12V DC	APF10312	1 Form C (AgNi type/Au-plated)	12V DC	APF30312
(Agivi type/Au-plated)	18V DC	APF10318		18V DC	APF30318
	24V DC	APF10324		24V DC	APF30324
	48V DC	APF10348		48V DC	APF30348
	60V DC	APF10360		60V DC	APF30360

Standard packing: Tube: 20 pcs.; Case: 1,000 pcs.

## RATING

## 1. Coil data

Nominal coil voltage	Pick-up voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Drop-out voltage (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating current [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Coil resistance [±10%] (at 20°C 68°F)	Nominal operating power	Max. allowable voltage (at 20°C 68°F)
4.5V DC			37.8mA	119Ω	170mW 120%V of nominal voltage	
5V DC			34.0mA	147Ω		
6V DC			28.3mA	212Ω		
9V DC	Max. 70%V	Min. 5%V nominal voltage	18.9mA	476Ω		
12V DC	nominal voltage		14.2mA	847Ω		
18V DC	(Initial)	(Initial)	9.4mA	1,906Ω		normal voltage
24V DC			7.1mA	3,388Ω		
48V DC			4.5mA	10,618Ω	217mW	
60V DC			2.9mA	20,570Ω	175mW	]

#### 2. Specifications

Characteristic	Item		Specifications			
	Arrangement		1 Form A	1 Form C		
Contact	Contact resistance (Initial)		Max. 100 mΩ (By voltage drop 6 V DC 1A)			
	Contact material		AgNi type, AgNi type/Au-plated			
Rating	Nominal switching capacity (resistive load)		6 A 250 V AC			
	Max. switching power (resistive load)		1,500 VA			
	Max. switching voltage	ge	250V AC			
	Max. switching curre	nt	6 A (AC)			
	Nominal operating po	ower	170 mW (5 to 24 V DC), 217 mV	V (48 V DC), 175 mW (60 V DC)		
	Min. switching capac	ity (Reference value)*1	100 mA 5 V DC (without Au-plate	d), 1 mA 1 V DC (with Au-plated)		
	Insulation resistance	(Initial)		Min. 1,000M $\Omega$ (at 500V DC) Measurement at same location as "Initial breakdown voltage" section.		
	Breakdown voltage	Between open contacts	1,000 Vrms for 1 min. (Detection current: 10 mA)			
	(Initial)	Between contact and coil	4,000 Vrms for 1 min. (D	etection current: 10 mA)		
Electrical	Surge breakdown voltage (Between contact and coil) <sup>•2</sup>		6,000 V (initial)			
characteristics	Temperature rise (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 45°C 113°F (By resistive method, nominal coil voltage applied to the coil; contact carrying current: 6A.)			
	Operate time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 8 ms (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.)			
	Release time (at 20°C 68°F)		Max. 4 ms (Nominal coil voltage applied to the coil, excluding contact bounce time.) (without diode			
Mechanical characteristics	Shock resistance	Functional	Min. 98 m/s² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10μs)	Min. 49 m/s² (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms; detection time: 10µs)		
		Destructive	Min. 980 m/s <sup>2</sup> (Half-wave pulse of sine wave: 11 ms.)			
	Vibration resistance	Functional	10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 1 mm (Detection time: 10µs.)			
	VIDIALIOITTESISLATICE	Destructive	10 to 55 Hz at double	amplitude of 1.5 mm		
	Mechanical		Min. 5×10 <sup>6</sup> (at 180 cpm)			
Expected life	Electrical <sup>-3</sup>		N.O.: Min. 5×10⁴ (at resistive load, 6 cpm and nominal switching capacity)	N.O.: Min. 5×10 <sup>4</sup> , N.C.: Min. 3×10 <sup>4</sup> (at resistive load, 6 cpm and nominal switching capacity)		
Conditions	Conditions for operation, transport and storage <sup>*4</sup>		Ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C -40°F to +185°F; Humidity: 5 to 85% R.H. (Not freezing and condensing at low temperature)			
Unit weight			Approx. 5 g .18 oz			

This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual \*1 load.

\*2 Wave is standard shock voltage of  $\pm 1.2{\times}50\mu s$  according to JEC-212-1981

\*3 \*4

For cycle lifetime, refer to "Cautions for Use 4)" in NOTES (page 5) The upper operation ambient temperature limit is the maximum temperature that can satisfy the coil temperature rise value. Refer to "6. Usage, Storage and Transport Conditions" in AMBIENT ENVIRONMENT section in Relay Technical Information.

## **REFERENCE DATA**

#### 1. Electrical life

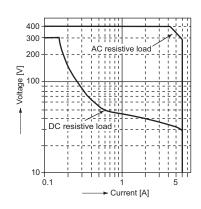
Tested sample: APF30224

Load	type	Voltage	Current	Ambient temperature	No. of ops.
Resistiv	e load	250V AC	6 A	<b>85°C</b> 185°F	30,000
Inductive load	AC 15	250V AC	3 A	25°C 77°F	20,000
	DC 13	24V DC	2 A	<b>25°C</b> 77°F	6,000

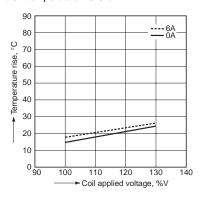
Notes: 1. Switch contacts are all on N.O. side. 2. AC 15 and DC 13 comply with IEC-60947-5-1 testing conditions.

#### 2. Max. switching capacity

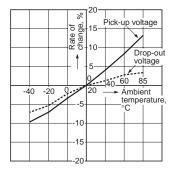
Load Limit Curve



3. Coil temperature rise Tested sample: APF30224 Measured portion: Inside the coil Ambient temperature: 28°C 82°F

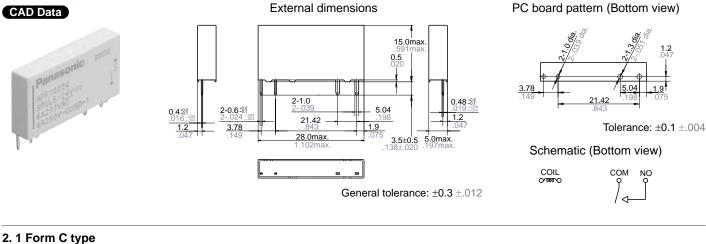


4. Ambient temperature characteristics Tested sample: APF30224, 6 pcs.

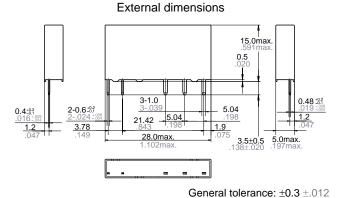


# **DIMENSIONS** (mm inch) Interested in CAD data? You can obtain CAD data for all products with a **CAD Data** mark from your local Panasonic Electric Works representative.

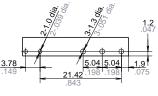
#### 1.1 Form A type



CAD Data



PC board pattern (Bottom view)



Tolerance:  $\pm 0.1 \pm .004$ 

Schematic (Bottom view)



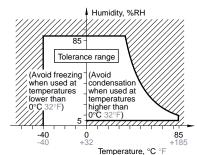
## SAFETY STANDARDS

Certification authority	File No.	Applicable standard	Rating	Remarks
UL, C-UL	E120782		277V AC 8A, General use, 24V DC 6A, General use, B300, R300 (Pilot Duty)	
VDE	40027672	EN/IEC 61810-1	250V AC 6A (cos¢ = 1.0) 85°C 185°F N.O. side, N.C. side 250V AC 8A (cos¢ = 1.0) 25°C 77°F N.O. side	Insulation: Reinforced insulation between contact and coil. Resistance to heat and fire; EN60335-1, clause 30 (GWT) approved.

#### NOTES

# Usage, transport and storage conditions

 Temperature: -40 to +85°C -40 to +185°F
 Humidity: 5 to 85% RH (Avoid freezing and condensation.) The humidity range varies with the temperature. Use within the range indicated in the graph below.
 Atmospheric pressure: 86 to 106 kPa Temperature and humidity range for usage, transport, and storage



#### 4) Condensation

Condensation forms when there is a sudden change in temperature under high temperature and high humidity conditions. Condensation will cause deterioration of the relay insulation. 5) Freezing

Condensation or other moisture may freeze on the relay when the temperatures is lower than 0°C 32°F. This causes problems such as sticking of movable parts or operational time lags. 6) Low temperature, low humidity environments

The plastic becomes brittle if the relay is exposed to a low temperature, low humidity environment for long periods of time.

#### Solder and cleaning conditions

1) Please obey the following conditions when soldering automatically.

(1) Preheating: Within 120°C 248°F (solder surface terminal portion) and within 120 seconds

(2) Soldering iron: 260°C±5°C 500°F±41°F (solder temperature) and within 6 seconds (soldering time) 2) Please obey the following conditions when soldering manually.

- Thoroughly clean the iron tip.
- (1) Soldering iron: 30 to 60 W

(2) Soldering iron tip temperature: 350°C 662°F

(3) Soldering time: within approx. 3 seconds

3) Since this is not a sealed type relay, do not clean it as is. Also, be careful not to allow flux to overflow above the PC board or enter the inside of the relay.

#### Cautions for use

1) For precautions regarding use and explanations of technical terminology, please refer to our web site. (panasonic-electric-works.net/ac) 2) To ensure good operation, please keep the voltage on the coil ends to  $\pm 5\%$  (at 20°C 68°F) of the rated coil operation voltage. Also, please be aware that the pick-up voltage and drop-out voltage may change depending on the temperature and conditions of use.

3) Keep the ripple rate of the nominal coil voltage below 5%.

4) The cycle lifetime is defined under the standard test condition specified in the JIS C 5442 standard (temperature 15 to  $35^{\circ}$ C 59 to  $95^{\circ}$ F, humidity 25 to 75%). Check this with the real device as it is affected by coil driving circuit, load type, activation frequency, activation phase, ambient conditions and other factors. Also, be especially careful of loads such as those listed below.

(1) When used for AC load-operating and the operating phase is synchronous. Rocking and fusing can easily occur due to contact shifting.

(2) Highly frequent load-operating When highly frequent opening and closing of the relay is performed with a load that causes arcs at the contacts, nitrogen and oxygen in the air is fused by the arc energy and  $HNO_3$  is formed. This can corrode metal materials. Three countermeasures for these are listed here.

- Incorporate an arc-extinguishing circuit.
- Lower the operating frequency
- Lower the ambient humidity

5) Minimum switching capacity provides a guideline for low level load switching. This value can change due to the switching frequency, environmental conditions, and desired reliability level, therefore it is recommended to check this with the actual load.

6) Heat, smoke, and even a fire may occur if the relay is used in conditions outside of the allowable ranges for the coil ratings, contact ratings, operating cycle lifetime, and other specifications. Therefore, do not use the relay if these ratings are exceeded.

7) If the relay has been dropped, the appearance and characteristics should always be checked before use.

8) Incorrect wiring may cause

unexpected events or the generation of heat or flames.

9) The amount of relay operation noise will vary depending on the substrate used for mounting. Please use after verifying with the relay mounted on the substrate.

#### We recommend this extra manufacturers socket. It is only available in Europe.

#### **ACCESSORIES**

# SOCKET FOR SLIM POWER RELAYS

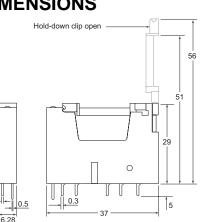
PF (APF) relay socket



APF1-PS-GD

#### **FEATURES**

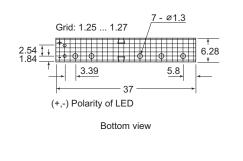
- 1. Socket incorporates LED-indication
- 2. It is equipped with a hold-down clip and an integrated casting mechanism
- 3. Suitable for PCB-mounting

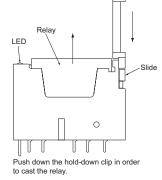


## **PIN LAYOUT**

## HANDLING Hold-down clip

0.9





NOTE: The PF relay approvals do not apply to the PF relay socket.

# **SPECIFICATIONS**

Item	Specifications		
LED			
Nominal voltage	24 V DC		
Nominal current	appr. 4.2 mA		
Diameter	3 mm		
Color	green*		

#### DIMENSIONS