

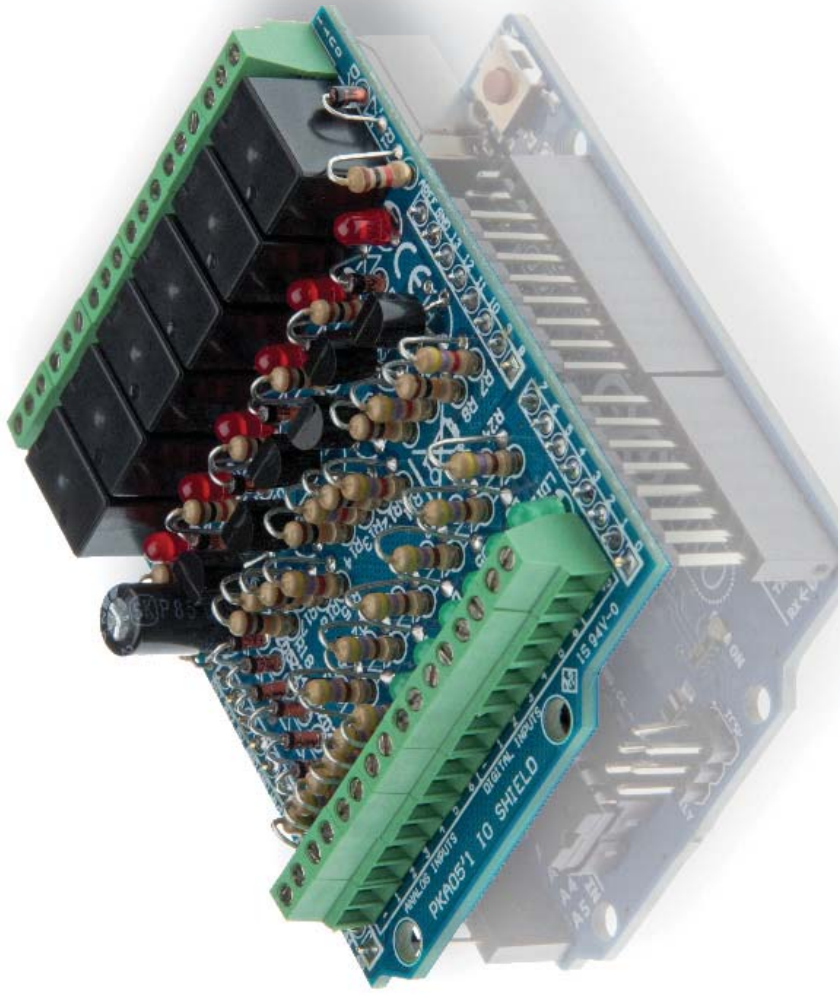
KAO5

ILLUSTRATED ASSEMBLY MANUAL HKA05P.1

IN/OUT shield[®] for Arduino[®]



velleman[®]
projects



General purpose INPUT - OUTPUT shield for Arduino[®]

Features

- For use with Arduino Due[™], Arduino Uno[™], Arduino Mega[™]
- 6 analog inputs
- 6 digital input
- 6 relay contact outputs
- Indicator leds for relay outputs and digital inputs

Specifications

- Analog inputs: 0..+5VDC
- Digital inputs: dry contact or open collector
- Relays: 12V
- Relay contacts: NO/NC 24VDC/1A max.
- Dimensions: 68 x 53mm / 2.67 x 2.08"



Search product

Search Product

Navigation

- ▶ Main page
- ▶ Products
- ▶ Sales outlets
- ▶ Support
- ▶ Publications
- ▶ Jobs
- ▶ About us

News

NEW MK193 LED CUBE

CubeAnimator software
available for download
here!!!

Posted on 04-06-12

[Read more...](#)

Velleman Projects Newsletter

Are you an electronics enthusiast or simply interested in our kits, mini-kits, modules and instruments? Subscribe to our Newsletter and receive every month the latest news, new products & updates on Velleman Projects.

You will receive an e-mail. Click on the link in that e-mail to confirm your subscription.

Email:



Do you want to unsubscribe? Click on the 'unsubscribe' link in the footer of the last received newsletter from Velleman Projects.

- velleman.eu
- hqpower.eu
- perel.eu
- vellemanproject.com
kbs - modules - instruments
- velbus.eu
- forum.velleman.eu

Advertisements

DAK1
DAK2
AI
K8055 (N) / VM110(N)
Android Application



**Subscribe
Newsletter**

Subscribing our newsletter?, visit www.vellemanprojects.eu



**View
Forum**

Participate our Velleman Projects Forum

 Login  Register

[View unanswered posts](#) | [View active topics](#)
[Board index](#)

General

-  Forum rules / Règlements du forum
Read first / A lire en premier lieu
Moderators: Velleman Support
-  Forum Administration
Velleman In-House Forum Discussions
Moderators: Velleman Support

Velbus

-  Velleman Home Automation
Social Security (France) / Velbus Home Automation System (domestic)
Moderators: Velleman Support

Kits (Soldering projects - Projects & solder)

-  General
For other topics, general tips and tricks, new ideas
Moderators: Velleman Support
-  Audio Hi Fi Projects
All audio related projects, amplifiers, valve amplifiers
Moderators: Velleman Support
-  PC Related Projects
For projects that are connected to the PC like interface cards
Moderators: Velleman Support
-  Microcontroller Programmer - Experimenting Projects
Here you can discuss PIC programming, example soft...
Moderators: Velleman Support
-  Timers and Clocks
All about our time related projects from regular clocks to programmable timers
Moderators: Velleman Support
-  Home Projects
Household related projects, from light drivers to remote control
Moderators: Velleman Support

 FAQ  Search
It is currently Fri Sep 14, 2012 1:50 pm

All times are UTC

Support Forum (EN/FR)
Velleman Projects

Forum

Topics	Posts	Last post
2	2	Wed Dec 05, 2009 12:44 am Velleman VD
1	4	Thu May 03, 2012 1:22 pm Velleman VD
404	2072	Tue Sep 11, 2012 1:11 pm David VD
131	428	Wed Sep 05, 2012 2:37 pm GSA17 VD
557	2450	Fri Sep 04, 2012 6:32 am VBL17 VD
1430	6948	Thu Sep 13, 2012 8:04 pm HAY VD
457	1749	Tue Sep 11, 2012 4:27 am Bart500 VD
251	856	Fri Sep 07, 2012 6:40 am VBL17 VD
636	2283	Fri Sep 14, 2012 12:00 pm VBL555 VD



Velleman N.V.
Legen Heirweg 33
9890 Gavere
(België)

assembly hints

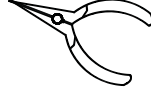
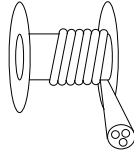
1. Assembly (Skipping this can lead to troubles !)

Ok, so we have your attention. These hints will help you to make this project successful. Read them carefully.

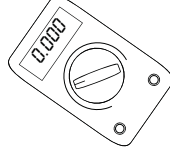


1.1 Make sure you have the right tools:

- A good quality soldering iron (25-40W) with a small tip.
- Wipe it often on a wet sponge or cloth, to keep it clean; then apply solder to the tip, to give it a wet look. This is called 'thinning' and will protect the tip, and enables you to make good connections. When solder rolls off the tip, it needs cleaning.
- Thin raisin-core solder. Do not use any flux or grease.
- A diagonal cutter to trim excess wires. To avoid injury when cutting excess leads, hold the lead so they cannot fly towards the eyes.
- Needle nose pliers, for bending leads, or to hold components in place.
- Small blade and Phillips screwdrivers. A basic range is fine.



☞ For some projects, a basic multi-meter is required, or might be handy



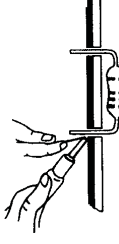
1.2 Assembly Hints :

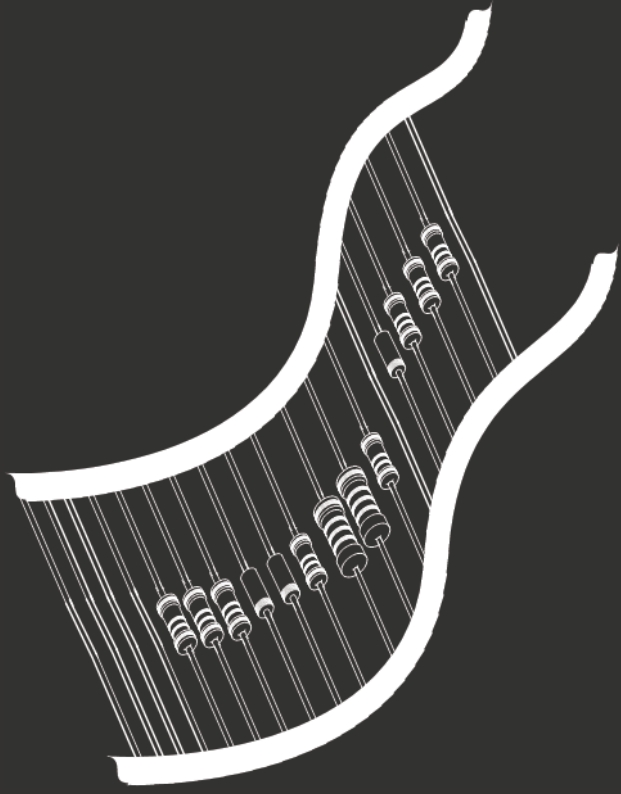
- Make sure the skill level matches your experience, to avoid disappointments.
- Follow the instructions carefully. Read and understand the entire step before you perform each operation.
- Perform the assembly in the correct order as stated in this manual
- Position all parts on the PCB (Printed Circuit Board) as shown on the drawings.
- Values on the circuit diagram are subject to changes, the values in this assembly guide are correct*
- Use the check-boxes to mark your progress.
- Please read the included information on safety and customer service

* Typographical inaccuracies excluded. Always look for possible last minute manual updates, indicated as 'NOTE' on a separate leaflet.

1.3 Soldering Hints :

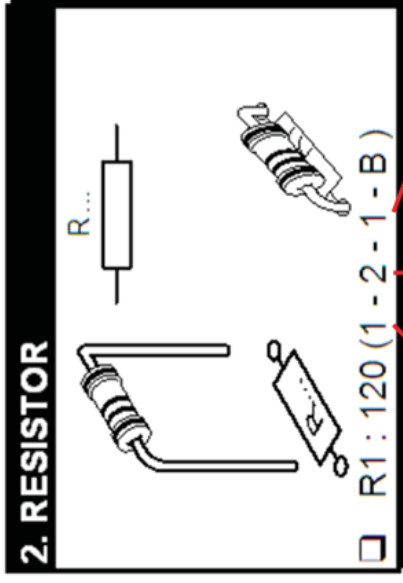
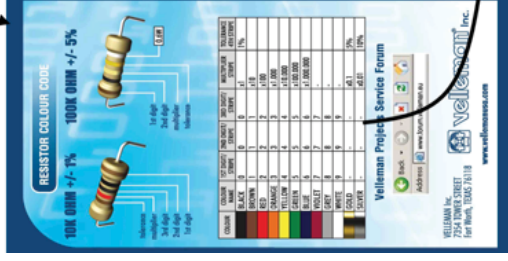
1. Mount the component against the PCB surface and carefully solder the leads
2. Make sure the solder joints are cone-shaped and shiny
3. Trim excess leads as close as possible to the solder joint





REMOVE THEM FROM THE TAPE ONE AT A TIME!

Included in this kit

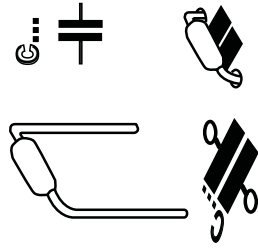


COLOUR	COLOUR NAME	1ST DIGIT/ STRIPE	2ND DIGIT/ STRIPE	3RD DIGIT/ STRIPE	MULTIPLIER STRIPE	TOLERANCE 4TH STRIPE
	BLACK	0	0	0	x1	1%
	BROWN	1	1	1	x10	
	RED	2	2	2	x100	
	ORANGE	3	3	3	x1.000	
	YELLOW	4	4	4	x10.000	
	GREEN	5	5	5	x100.000	
	GREY	6	6	6	x1.000.000	

DO NOT BLINDLY FOLLOW THE ORDER OF THE COMPONENTS ONTO THE TAPE. ALWAYS CHECK THEIR VALUE ON THE PARTS LIST!

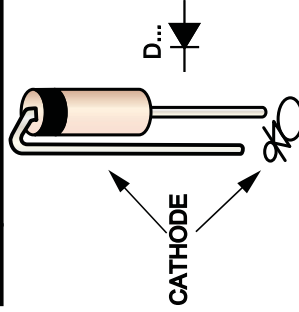
I CONSTRUCTION

1 Ceramic capacitor



- C2: 100nF (104)

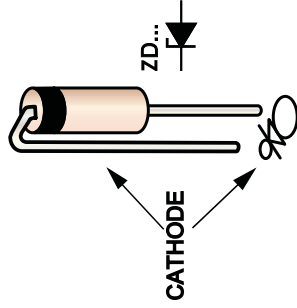
2 Diodes



Watch the polarity!

- D1 : 1N4148
- D2 : 1N4148
- D3 : 1N4148
- D4 : 1N4148
- D5 : 1N4148
- D6 : 1N4148
- D7 : 1N4148
- D8 : 1N4148
- D9 : 1N4148
- D10: 1N4148
- D11: 1N4148
- D12: 1N4148

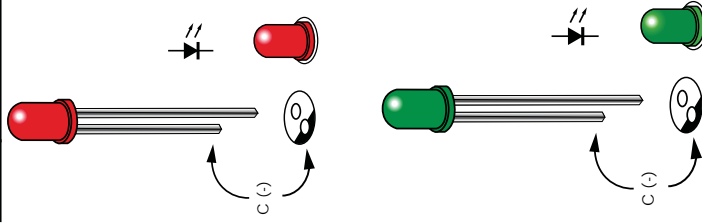
3 Zenerdiodes



- ZD1 : 5V1
- ZD2 : 5V1
- ZD3 : 5V1
- ZD4 : 5V1
- ZD5 : 5V1
- ZD6 : 5V1

Watch the polarity!

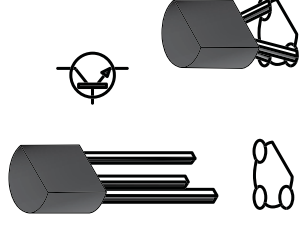
4 LED



Watch the polarity!

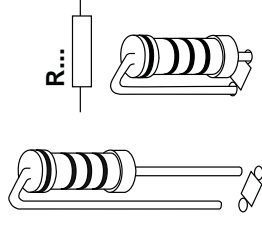
- LD1 : Red
- LD2 : Red
- LD3 : Red
- LD4 : Red
- LD5 : Red
- LD6 : Red
- LD7 : Green
- LD8 : Green
- LD9 : Green
- LD10: Green
- LD11: Green
- LD12: Green

5 Transistors



- T1: BC547B
- T2: BC547B
- T3: BC547B
- T4: BC547B
- T5: BC547B
- T6: BC547B

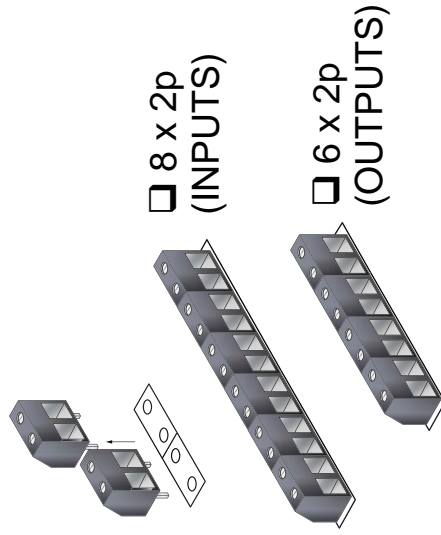
6 Resistors



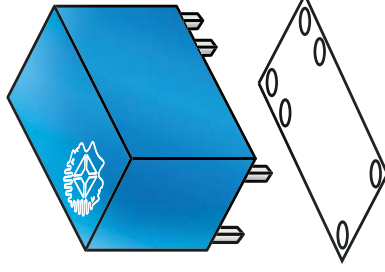
- R1 : 1K
 - R2 : 1K
 - R3 : 1K
 - R4 : 1K
 - R5 : 1K
 - R6 : 1K
 - R7 : 4K7
 - R8 : 10K
 - R9 : 4K7
 - R10: 10K
 - R11: 4K7
 - R12: 10K
- (1 - 0 - 2 - B)
 (1 - 0 - 2 - B)
 (1 - 0 - 2 - B)
 (1 - 0 - 2 - B)
 (1 - 0 - 2 - B)
 (1 - 0 - 2 - B)
 (4 - 7 - 2 - B)
 (1 - 0 - 3 - B)
 (4 - 7 - 2 - B)
 (1 - 0 - 3 - B)
 (4 - 7 - 2 - B)
 (1 - 0 - 3 - B)

- R13: 4K7
 - R14: 10K
 - R15: 4K7
 - R16: 10K
 - R17: 4K7
 - R18: 10K
 - R19: 470
 - R20: 470
 - R21: 470
 - R22: 470
 - R23: 470
 - R24: 470
 - R25: 4K7
 - R26: 4K7
 - R27: 4K7
 - R28: 4K7
 - R29: 4K7
 - R30: 4K7
- (4 - 7 - 2 - B)
 (1 - 0 - 3 - B)
 (4 - 7 - 2 - B)
 (1 - 0 - 3 - B)
 (4 - 7 - 2 - B)
 (1 - 0 - 3 - B)
 (4 - 7 - 1 - B)
 (4 - 7 - 1 - B)
 (4 - 7 - 1 - B)
 (4 - 7 - 1 - B)
 (4 - 7 - 1 - B)
 (4 - 7 - 1 - B)
 (4 - 7 - 1 - B)
 (4 - 7 - 2 - B)
 (4 - 7 - 2 - B)
 (4 - 7 - 2 - B)
 (4 - 7 - 2 - B)
 (4 - 7 - 2 - B)
 (4 - 7 - 2 - B)

7 Terminal blocks

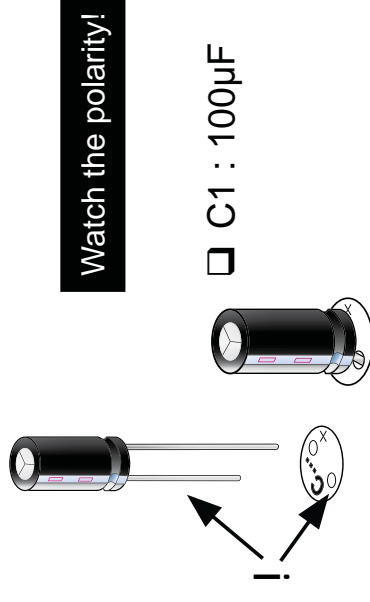


8 Relays

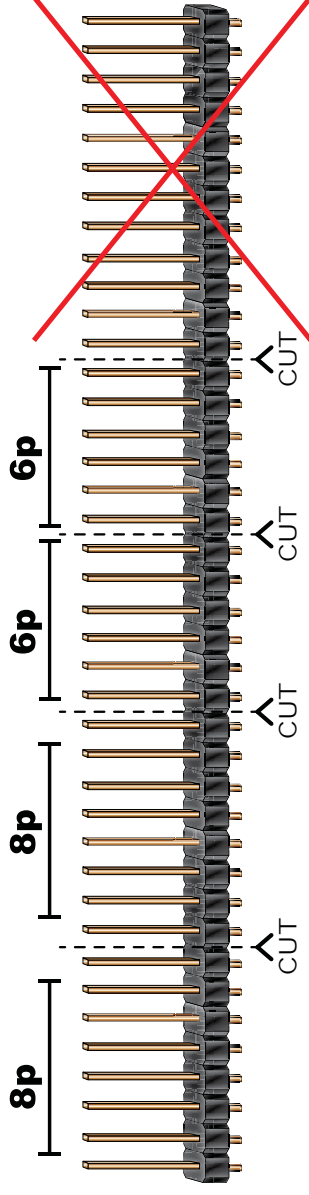


- RY1
- RY2
- RY3
- RY4
- RY5
- RY6

9 Electrolytic capacitors

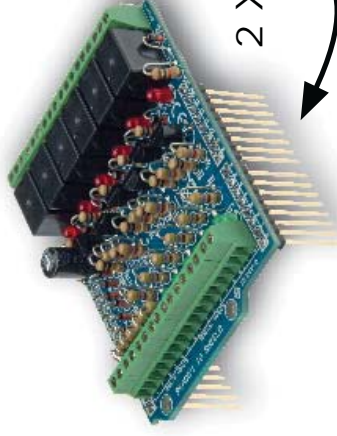


10 Male header

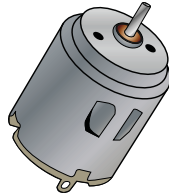


2 X 6 pins

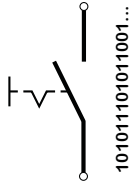
2 X 8 pins



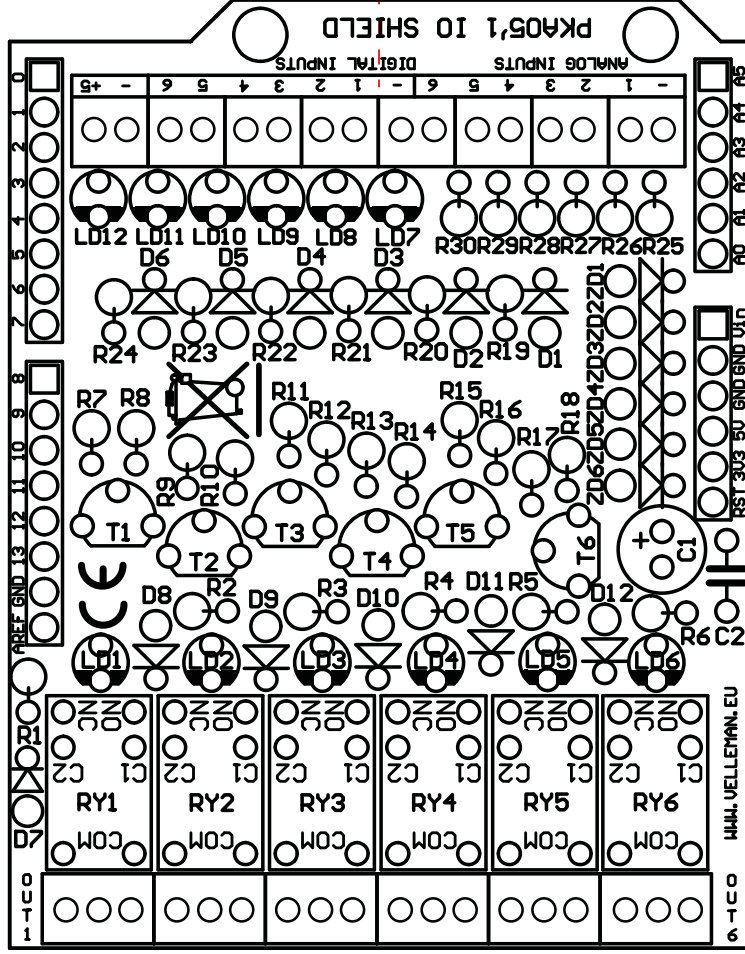
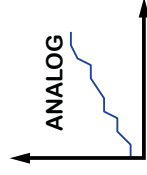
II CONNECTION DIAGRAM



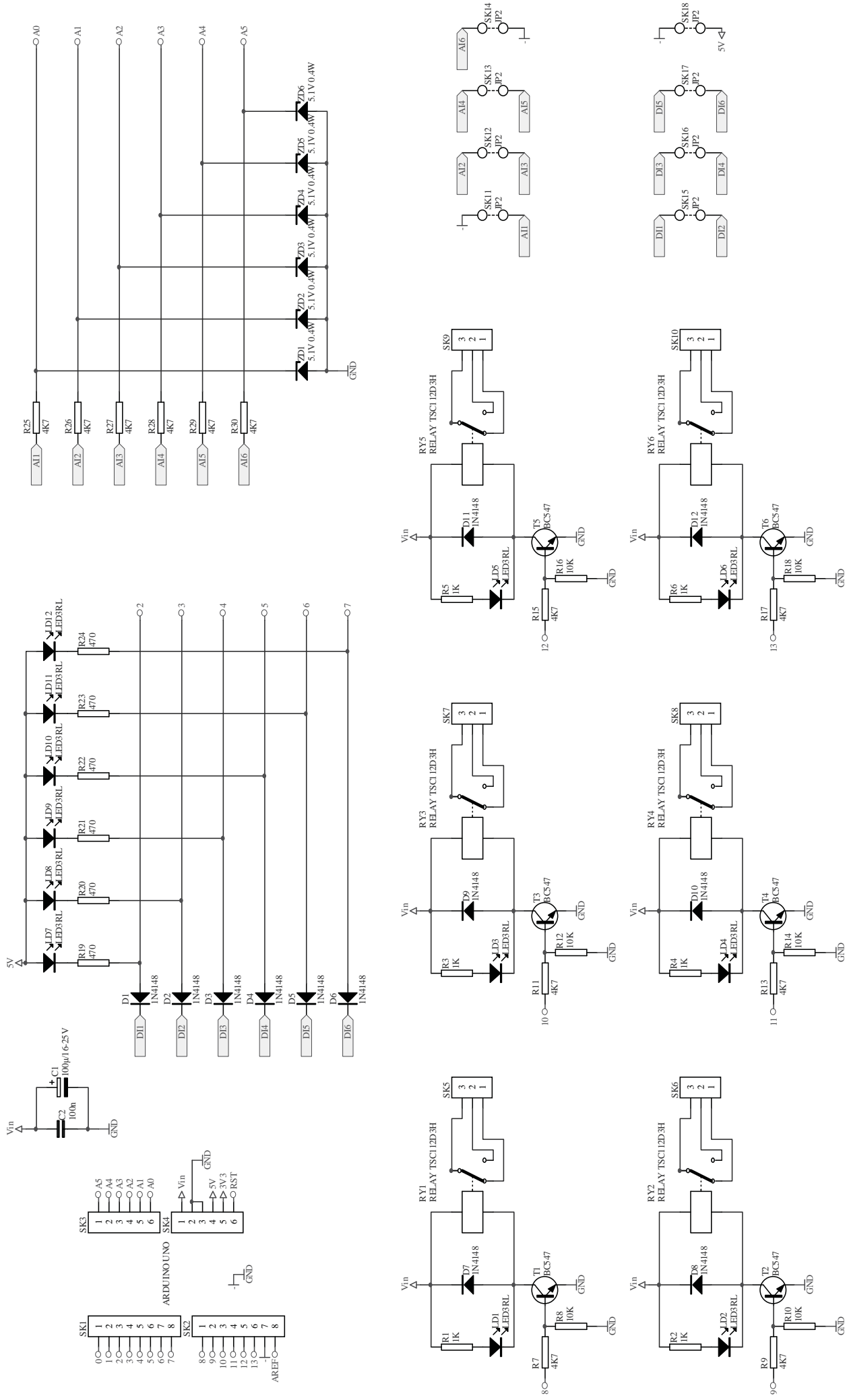
2 DIGITAL INPUTS

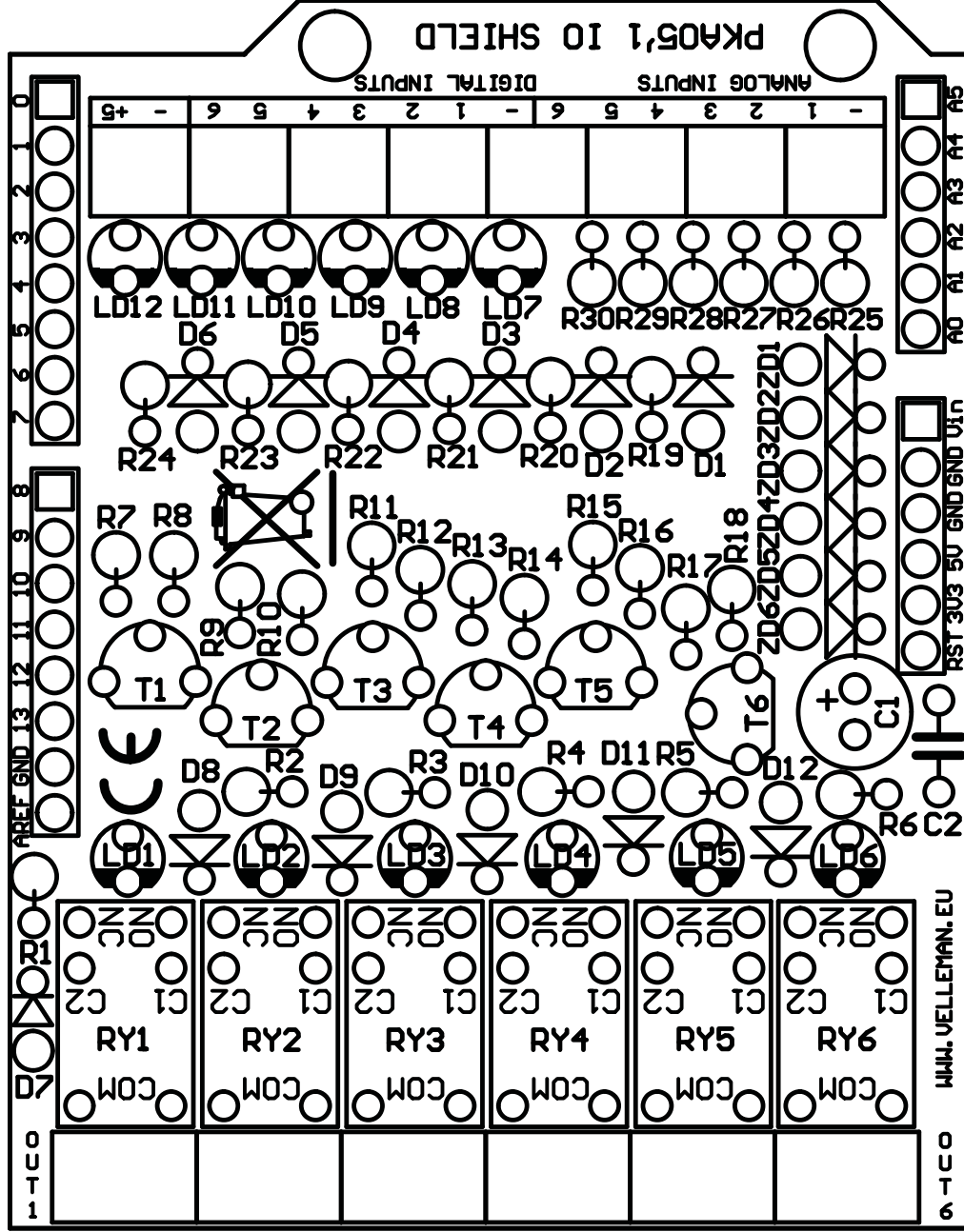


3 ANALOG INPUTS 0 ... 5V



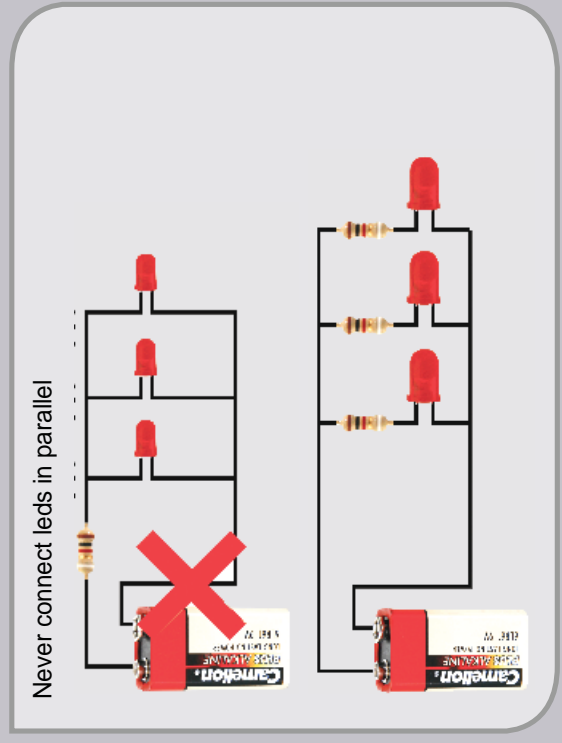
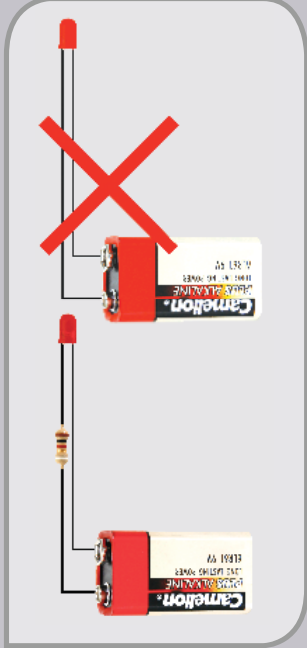
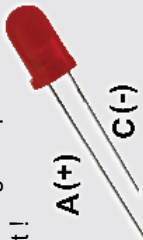
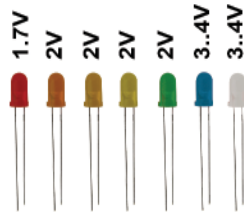
DOWNLOAD SAMPLE CODE FROM KA05 PAGE ON WWW.VELLEMAN.BE





Leds and how to use them

Leds feature a specific voltage drop, depending on type and colour. Check the datasheet for exact voltage drop and rated current!



Never connect leds in parallel

How to Calculate the series resistor:

Example: operate a red led (1.7V) on a 9Vdc source.

Required led current for full brightness: 5mA (this can be found in the datasheet of the led)

$$\frac{\text{Supply voltage (V) - led voltage (V)}}{\text{required current (A)}} = \text{series resistance (ohms)}$$

$$\frac{9V - 1.7V}{0.005A} = 1460 \text{ ohm}$$

closest value :
use a 1k5 resistor

Required resistor power handling=
voltage over resistor x current passed trough resistor

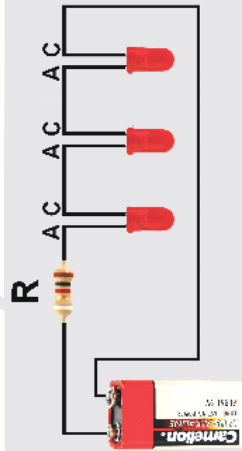
$$(9V - 1.7V) \times 0.005A = 0.036W$$

a standard 1/4W resistor will do the job

LEDs in series:

Example: 3 x red led (1.7V) on 9V battery

Required led current for full brightness: 5mA (this can be found in the datasheet of the led)



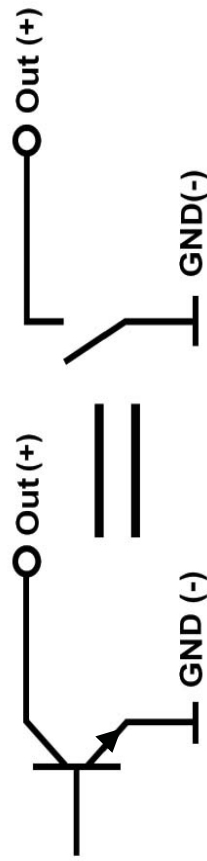
$$\frac{\text{Supply voltage (V) - (number of leds x led voltage (V))}}{\text{required current (A)}} = \text{series resistance (ohms)}$$

$$\frac{9V - (3 \times 1.7V)}{0.005A} = 780 \text{ ohm}$$

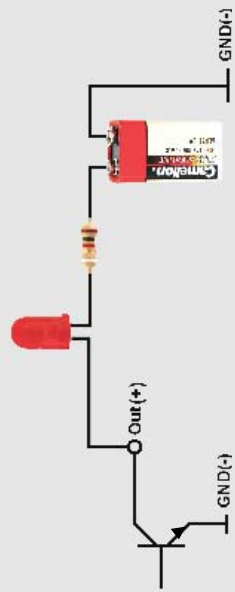
use an
820 ohm resistor

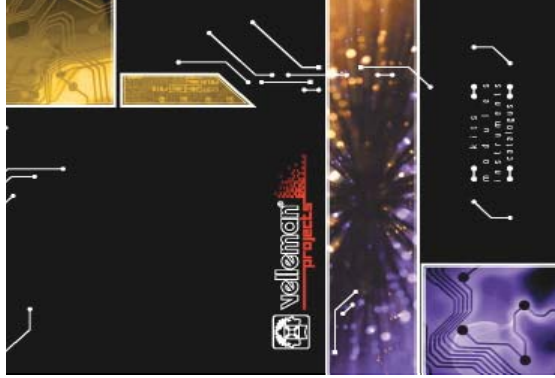
open collector outputs

An open collector output can be compared to a switch which switches to ground when operated



Example: How to switch an LED by means of an open collector output





The new Velleman Projects catalogue is
now available. Download your copy here:
www.vellemanprojects.eu



Modifications and typographical errors reserved - © Velleman nv. HKA05'IP
Velleman NV, Legen Heirweg 33 - 9890 Gavere.

