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Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II
Revised on / Version: 21.11.2013 / 0004
Replaces revision of / Version: 02.07.2012 / 0003
Valid from: 21.11.2013
PDF print date: 21.11.2013
Cockpit-Pflege citrus 300 ML Art.: 1599

Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Cockpit-Pflege citrus 300 ML
Art.: 1599

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:

Car care

Sector of use [SU]:

SU 3 - Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites

SU21 - Consumer uses: Private households (=general public = consumers)

SU22 - Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen)

Chemical product category [PC]:

PC35 - Washing and cleaning products (including solvent based products)

Process category [PROC]:

PROC 7 - Industrial spraying

PROC10 - Roller application or brushing

PROC11 - Non industrial spraying

PROC19 - Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available

Article Categories [AC]:

AC99 - Not required.

Environmental Release Category [ERC]:

ERC 4 - Industrial use of processing aids in processes and products, not becoming part of articles

ERC 8a - Wide dispersive indoor use of processing aids in open systems

ERC 8d - Wide dispersive outdoor use of processing aids in open systems

Uses advised against:

No information available at present.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

LIQUI MOLY GmbH, Jerg-Wieland-Straße 4, D-89081 Ulm-Lehr

Telephone: (+49) 0731-1420-0, Fax: (+49) 0731-1420-88

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

1.4 Emergency telephone

Emergency information services / official advisory body:

Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:

Tel.: (+49) 0731-1420-0

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.1 Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Aerosol	1	H222-Extremely flammable aerosol.
Asp. Tox.	1	H304-May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Aerosol	1	H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

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2.1.2 Classification according to Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC (including amendments)

F+, Extremely flammable
 Xn, Harmful, R65
 R66

2.2 Label elements

2.2.1 Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)



Danger

Hazard statement

H222-Extremely flammable aerosol. H229-Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

P102-Keep out of reach of children.

Prevention

P210-Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211-Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251-Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Storage

P410+P412-Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C.

EUH066-Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Without adequate ventilation, formation of explosive mixtures may be possible.

2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006.

The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006.

Danger of bursting (explosion) when heated

When using: development of explosive vapour/air mixture possible.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Aerosol

3.1 Substance

n.a.

3.2 Mixture

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	
Registration number (REACH)	--
Index	---
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	918-167-1 (REACH-IT List-No.)
CAS	CAS ---
content %	10-<25
Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC	Dangerous for the environment, R53 Harmful, Xn, R65 R66
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413

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Ethanol	
Registration number (REACH)	--
Index	603-002-00-5
EINECS, ELINCS, NLP	200-578-6
CAS	CAS 64-17-5
content %	1-10
Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC	Highly flammable, F, R11
Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319

For the text of the R-phrases / H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Inhalation

Remove person from danger area.
 Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.

Skin contact

Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

Eye contact

Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.
 Keep Data Sheet available.

Ingestion

Call doctor immediately - have Data Sheet available.
 Do not induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.
 In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

n.c.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water jet spray
 CO2
 Extinction powder
 Foam

Cool container at risk with water.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:

Oxides of carbon

Toxic pyrolysis products.

Danger of explosion by prolonged heating.

Explosive vapour/air mixture

In case of spreading near the ground, flashback to distance sources of ignition is possible.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Protective respirator with independent air supply.

Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

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Remove possible causes of ignition - do not smoke.
 Ensure sufficient supply of air.
 Avoid inhalation, and contact with eyes or skin.
 Take explosion-prevention measures if applicable.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent penetration into drains, cellars, working pits or other places in which accumulation could be hazardous.
 Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

If spray or gas escapes, ensure ample fresh air is available.

Active substance:

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent) and dispose of according to Section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation.
 Keep away from sources of ignition - Do not smoke.
 Do not use on hot surfaces.
 Take precautions against electrostatic charges.
 Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.
 Observe directions on label and instructions for use.
 Use working methods according to operating instructions.

7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
 Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
 Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
 Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.
 Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.
 Store product closed and only in original packing.
 Observe special regulations for aerosols!
 Keep protected from direct sunlight and temperatures over 50°C.
 Store in a well ventilated place.
 Observe special storage conditions (in Germany, e.g., in accordance with the regulations in the "Betriebssicherheitsverordnung").

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Workplace exposure limit (WEL) of the total hydrocarbon solvent content of the mixture (RCP method according to EH40):
 1200 mg/m3

Chemical Name	Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics		Content %:10-25
WEL-TWA: 1200 mg/m3 (>=C7 normal and branched chain alkanes)	WEL-STEL: 2(II) (AGW)	---	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---		
Chemical Name	Ethanol		Content %:1-10
WEL-TWA: 1000 ppm (1920 mg/m3)	WEL-STEL: ---	---	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---		
Chemical Name	Propane		Content %:
WEL-TWA: 1000 ppm (ACGIH)	WEL-STEL: ---	---	
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---		

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Chemical Name	Butane	Content %:
WEL-TWA: 600 ppm (1450 mg/m3)	WEL-STEL: 750 ppm (1810 mg/m3)	---
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

Chemical Name	Isobutane	Content %:
WEL-TWA: 1000 ppm (ACGIH)	WEL-STEL: ---	---
BMGV: ---	Other information: ---	

GB WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.
 ** = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.

Ethanol						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	1900	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	950	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	343	mg/kg bw/d	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Short term, local effects	DNEL	950	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Short term, local effects	DNEL	950	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	114	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	87	mg/kg	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	206	mg/kg bw/d	
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,96	mg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,79	mg/l	
	Environment - water, sporadic (intermittent) release		PNEC	2,75	mg/l	
	Environment - sewage treatment plant		PNEC	580	mg/l	
	Environment - sediment, freshwater		PNEC	3,6	mg/kg dry weight	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,63	mg/kg dry weight	
	Environment - oral (animal feed)		PNEC	0,72	mg/kg feed	
	Environment - sediment, marine		PNEC	2,9	mg/kg dry weight	

8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.
 If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.
 Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.
 Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.
 Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.
 Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:
 Tight fitting protective goggles (EN 166) with side protection, with danger of projections.

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Skin protection - Hand protection:
 Protective PVC gloves (EN 374)
 Or:
 PE
 Protective nitrile gloves (EN 374)
 Minimum layer thickness in mm:
 0,4
 Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:
 > 480
 The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 374 Part III were not obtained under practical conditions.
 The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.
 Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:
 Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments)

Respiratory protection:
 Normally not necessary.
 If OES or MEL is exceeded.
 Gas mask filter A (EN 14387), code colour brown
 Gas mask filter AX (EN 14387), code colour brown.
 Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:
 Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.
 In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.
 Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.
 Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.
 Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.
 In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.
 The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Aerosol, Substance: Liquid
Colour:	Colourless
Odour:	Lemon
Odour threshold:	Not determined
pH-value:	Not determined
Melting point/freezing point:	Not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	Not determined
Flash point:	n.a.
Evaporation rate:	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not determined
Lower explosive limit:	1,5 Vol-%
Upper explosive limit:	When using: development of explosive vapour/air mixture possible.
Vapour pressure:	2,1 hPa (20°C)
Vapour density (air = 1):	Not determined
Density:	0,625 g/ml (20°C)
Bulk density:	Not determined
Solubility(ies):	Not determined
Water solubility:	Insoluble
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not determined
Auto-ignition temperature:	365 °C (Ignition temperature)
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined
Viscosity:	Not determined
Explosive properties:	Product is not explosive.

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Oxidising properties:	Not determined
9.2 Other information	
Miscibility:	Not determined
Fat solubility / solvent:	Not determined
Conductivity:	Not determined
Surface tension:	Not determined
Solvents content:	Not determined

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product has not been tested.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable with proper storage and handling.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions are known.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

See also section 7.

Heating, open flame, ignition sources

Pressure increase will result in danger of bursting.

Electrostatic charge

10.5 Incompatible materials

See also section 7.

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

See also section 5.2

No decomposition when used as directed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

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Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	t					n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						n.d.a.
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:						n.d.a.
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.
Carcinogenicity:						n.d.a.
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Respiratory tract irritation:						n.d.a.
Repeated dose toxicity:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.
Other information:						Classification according to calculation procedure.

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics

Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	

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Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 427 (Skin Absorption - In Vivo Method)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	>5000	mg/m3	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:						
Serious eye damage/irritation:					OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Mild irritant (Analogous conclusion)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						Not sensitising (Analogous conclusion)
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						Not sensitising
Germ cell mutagenicity:						Analogous conclusion, Negative
Carcinogenicity:					OECD 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity/Carcinogenicity Studies)	Analogous conclusion, Negative
Reproductive toxicity:						Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						Analogous conclusion, No
Aspiration hazard:						Yes
Symptoms:						dizziness, headaches

Ethanol						
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	10470	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>2000	mg/kg	Rabbit	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	117-125	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Mild irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:				Mouse	OECD 429 (Skin Sensitisation - Local Lymph Node Assay)	Not sensitising
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 475 (Mammalian Bone Marrow Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Mouse	OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 473 (In Vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)	Negative
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Carcinogenicity:	NOAEL	>3000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 451 (Carcinogenicity Studies)	24 mon
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	5200	mg/kg bw/d	Rat		

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Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	NOAL	>20	mg/l	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Male
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):	NOAEL	1730	mg/kg/d	Rat	OECD 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	Female
Aspiration hazard:				Human being		No indications of such an effect.
Symptoms:						respiratory distress, dizziness, unconsciousness, drop in blood pressure, vomiting, coughing, headaches, intoxication, drowsiness, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea
Teratogenicity:						Negative
Experiences in humans:						Excessive alcohol consumption during pregnancy induces the foetus alcohol syndrome (reduced weight at birth, physical and mental disorders)., There is no sign that this syndrome is also caused by dermal or inhalative absorption.

Propane						
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Germ cell mutagenicity (bacterial):					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Symptoms:						breathing difficulties, unconsciousness, frostbite, headaches, cramps, mucous membrane irritation, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.

Butane						
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	658	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative
Symptoms:						ataxia, breathing difficulties, dizziness, unconsciousness, frostbite, disturbed heart rhythm, headaches, cramps, intoxication, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.

Isobutane						
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	658	mg/l/4h	Rat		
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit		Not irritant
Germ cell mutagenicity:					OECD 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test)	Negative

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Symptoms:							unconsciousness, frostbite, headaches, cramps, dizziness, nausea and vomiting.
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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

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Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
Persistence and degradability:							n.d.a.
Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:							n.d.a.
Other adverse effects:							n.d.a.

Hydrocarbons, C11-C12, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics							
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Toxicity to fish:	LL50	96h	>1000	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
Toxicity to fish:	NOELR	28d	0,21	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	QSAR	
Toxicity to daphnia:	EL50	48h	>1000	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)	
Toxicity to daphnia:	NOELR	21d	0,02	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)	
Toxicity to algae:	ErL50	72h	>1000	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
Toxicity to algae:	NOELR	72h	1000	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
Toxicity to algae:	EbL50	72h	>1000	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
Persistence and degradability:		28d	31	%		OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)	
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Ethanol							
Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	13000	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
Toxicity to daphnia:	LC50	48h	12340	mg/l	Daphnia magna		

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Toxicity to algae:	EC50	48h	12900	mg/l	Selenastrum capricornutum	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	275	mg/l	Chlorella vulgaris	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
Persistence and degradability:			97	%		OECD 301 B (Ready Biodegradability - Co2 Evolution Test)	
Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		-0,32				Bioaccumulation is unlikely (LogPow < 1).
Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		0,66 - 3,2				
Mobility in soil:	H (Henry)		0,0001 38				
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Other information:	BOD5		1	g/g			
Other information:	COD		1,9	g/g			
Water solubility:							Mixable

Propane

Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		2,28				A notable biological accumulation potential is not to be expected (LogPow 1-3).
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

Butane

Toxicity/effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		2,98				A notable biological accumulation potential is not to be expected (LogPow 1-3).
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:

The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product.

Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2001/118/EC, 2001/119/EC, 2001/573/EC)

16 05 04 gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing dangerous substances

Recommendation:

Pay attention to local and national official regulations

Take full aerosol cans to problem waste collection.

Take emptied aerosol cans to valuable material collection.

For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations

Recommendation:

Do not perforate, cut up or weld uncleaned container.

SECTION 14: Transport information

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General statements

UN number: 1950

Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

UN proper shipping name: AEROSOLS
 UN 1950 AEROSOLS
 Transport hazard class(es): 2.1
 Packing group: -
 Classification code: 5F
 LQ (ADR 2013): 1 L
 LQ (ADR 2009): 2
 Environmental hazards: Not applicable
 Tunnel restriction code: D



Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

UN proper shipping name: AEROSOLS
 AEROSOLS
 Transport hazard class(es): 2.1
 Packing group: -
 EmS: F-D, S-U
 Marine Pollutant: n.a
 Environmental hazards: Not applicable



Transport by air (IATA)

UN proper shipping name: Aerosols, flammable
 Transport hazard class(es): 2.1
 Packing group: -
 Environmental hazards: Not applicable



Special precautions for user

Persons employed in transporting dangerous goods must be trained.
 All persons involved in transporting must observe safety regulations.
 Precautions must be taken to prevent damage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Freight as packaged goods rather than in bulk, therefore not applicable.
 Minimum amount regulations have not been taken into account.
 Danger code and packing code on request.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

For classification and labelling see Section 2.

Observe restrictions: Yes

Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Observe youth employment law (German regulation).

VOC 1999/13/EC ~ 99%

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

SECTION 16: Other information

These details refer to the product as it is delivered.

Revised sections: 2, 8

TA air:

50 - 100% III

Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):

**Classification in accordance with regulation
 (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)**

Evaluation method used

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Aerosol 1, H222	Classification based on test data.
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aerosol 3, H229	Classification based on test data.

The following phrases represent the posted R phrases / H phrases, Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).

11 Highly flammable.
 53 May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
 65 Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
 66 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Aerosol — Aerosols
 Asp. Tox. — Aspiration hazard
 Flam. Liq. — Flammable liquid
 Aquatic Chronic — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic
 Eye Irrit. — Eye irritation

Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:

AC Article Categories
 acc., acc. to according, according to
 ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
 ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)
 AOEL Acceptable Operator Exposure Level
 AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds
 approx. approximately
 Art., Art. no. Article number
 ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
 BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)
 BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)
 BCF Bioconcentration factor
 BGV Berufsgenossenschaftliche Vorschrift (= Accident Prevention Regulation)
 BHT Butylhydroxytoluol (= 2,6-Di-t-butyl-4-methyl-phenol)
 BMGV Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40, UK)
 BOD Biochemical oxygen demand
 BSEF Bromine Science and Environmental Forum
 bw body weight
 CAS Chemical Abstracts Service
 CEC Coordinating European Council for the Development of Performance Tests for Fuels, Lubricants and Other Fluids
 CESIO Comité Européen des Agents de Surface et de leurs Intermédiaires Organiques
 CIPAC Collaborative International Pesticides Analytical Council
 CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)
 CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic
 COD Chemical oxygen demand
 CTFA Cosmetic, Toiletry, and Fragrance Association
 DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level
 DNEL Derived No Effect Level
 DOC Dissolved organic carbon
 DT50 Dwell Time - 50% reduction of start concentration
 DVS Deutscher Verband für Schweißen und verwandte Verfahren e.V. (= German Association for Welding and Allied Processes)
 dw dry weight
 e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance
 EC European Community
 ECHA European Chemicals Agency

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EEA European Economic Area
 EEC European Economic Community
 EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
 ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances
 EN European Norms
 EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)
 ERC Environmental Release Categories
 ES Exposure scenario
 etc. et cetera
 EU European Union
 EWC European Waste Catalogue
 Fax. Fax number
 gen. general
 GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
 GWP Global warming potential
 HET-CAM Hen's Egg Test - Chorionallantoic Membrane
 HGWP Halocarbon Global Warming Potential
 IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
 IATA International Air Transport Association
 IBC Intermediate Bulk Container
 IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)
 IC Inhibitory concentration
 IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
 incl. including, inclusive
 IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database
 LC lethal concentration
 LC50 lethal concentration 50 percent kill
 LCLo lowest published lethal concentration
 LD Lethal Dose of a chemical
 LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% kill
 LDLo Lethal Dose Low
 LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
 LOEC Lowest Observed Effect Concentration
 LOEL Lowest Observed Effect Level
 LQ Limited Quantities
 MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
 n.a. not applicable
 n.av. not available
 n.c. not checked
 n.d.a. no data available
 NIOSH National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (United States of America)
 NOAEC No Observed Adverse Effective Concentration
 NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level
 NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration
 NOEL No Observed Effect Level
 ODP Ozone Depletion Potential
 OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
 org. organic
 PAH polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon
 PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
 PC Chemical product category
 PE Polyethylene
 PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration
 POCP Photochemical ozone creation potential
 ppm parts per million
 PROC Process category
 PTFE Polytetrafluorethylene
 REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)
 REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.
 RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)
 SADT Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature
 SAR Structure Activity Relationship

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SU Sector of use
SVHC Substances of Very High Concern
Tel. Telephone
ThOD Theoretical oxygen demand
TOC Total organic carbon
TRGS Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (=Technical Regulations for Hazardous Substances)
UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods
VbF Verordnung über brennbare Flüssigkeiten (= Regulation for flammable liquids (Austria))
VOC Volatile organic compounds
vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative
WEL-TWA, WEL-STEL WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period), WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period) (EH40, UK).
WHO World Health Organization
wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.

No responsibility.

These statements were made by:

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