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Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II  
Revision date / version: 21.08.2015 / 0004  
Replacing version dated / version: 18.06.2015 / 0003  
Valid from: 21.08.2015  
PDF print date: 28.08.2015  
SPEED DIESEL ZUSATZ 1 L  
Art.: 5160

## Safety data sheet according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, Annex II

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

**SPEED DIESEL ZUSATZ 1 L**  
**Art.: 5160**

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture:**

Additives

**Uses advised against:**

No information available at present.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

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LIQUI MOLY GmbH, Jerg-Wieland-Str. 4, 89081 Ulm-Lehr, Germany  
Phone: (+49) 0731-1420-0, Fax: (+49) 0731-1420-88

Qualified person's e-mail address: info@chemical-check.de, k.schnurbusch@chemical-check.de Please DO NOT use for requesting Safety Data Sheets.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Emergency information services / official advisory body:**

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**Telephone number of the company in case of emergencies:**

+49 (0) 700 / 24 112 112 (LMR)

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)**

Hazard class	Hazard category	Hazard statement
Asp. Tox.	1	H304-May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Aquatic Chronic	3	H412-Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
STOT RE	1	H372-Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation (central nervous system).

#### 2.2 Label elements

**Labeling according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)**

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Danger

H304-May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H412-Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H372-Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation (central nervous system).

P101-If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102-Keep out of reach of children.

P260-Do not breathe vapours or spray.

P301+P310+P331-IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. P314-Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P405-Store locked up.

P501-Dispose of contents/container to special waste collection point.

EUH066-Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)

### 2.3 Other hazards

The mixture does not contain any vPvB substance (vPvB = very persistent, very bioaccumulative) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006.

The mixture does not contain any PBT substance (PBT = persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic) or is not included under XIII of the regulation (EC) 1907/2006.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substance

n.a.

### 3.2 Mixture

<b>Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)</b>	
<b>Registration number (REACH)</b>	01-2119473977-17-XXXX
<b>Index</b>	---
<b>EINECS, ELINCS, NLP</b>	919-164-8 (REACH-IT List-No.)
<b>CAS</b>	---
<b>content %</b>	60-80
<b>Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)</b>	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 STOT RE 1, H372 (central nervous system) (as inhalation)

<b>2-Ethylhexylnitrate</b>	
<b>Registration number (REACH)</b>	01-2119539586-27-XXXX
<b>Index</b>	---
<b>EINECS, ELINCS, NLP</b>	248-363-6
<b>CAS</b>	27247-96-7
<b>content %</b>	10-<25
<b>Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)</b>	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

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For the text of the H-phrases and classification codes (GHS/CLP), see Section 16.  
The substances named in this section are given with their actual, appropriate classification!  
For substances that are listed in appendix VI, table 3.1/3.2 of the regulation (EC) no. 1272/2008 (CLP regulation) this means that all notes that may be given here for the named classification have been taken into account.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Never pour anything into the mouth of an unconscious person!

#### Inhalation

Remove person from danger area.  
Supply person with fresh air and consult doctor according to symptoms.  
If the person is unconscious, place in a stable side position and consult a doctor.

#### Skin contact

Remove polluted, soaked clothing immediately, wash thoroughly with plenty of water and soap, in case of irritation of the skin (flare), consult a doctor.

#### Eye contact

Remove contact lenses.  
Wash thoroughly for several minutes using copious water. Seek medical help if necessary.

#### Ingestion

Rinse the mouth thoroughly with water.  
Do not induce vomiting. Consult doctor immediately.  
Danger of aspiration  
In case of vomiting, keep head low so that the stomach content does not reach the lungs.  
Immediate admittance to a hospital.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

If applicable delayed symptoms and effects can be found in section 11 and the absorption route in section 4.1.  
In certain cases, the symptoms of poisoning may only appear after an extended period / after several hours.

Ingestion:

Nausea  
Vomiting  
Danger of aspiration  
Oedema of the lungs  
Chemical pneumonitis (condition similar to pneumonia)

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Gastric lavage (stomach washing) only under endotracheal intubation.  
Pulmonary oedema prophylaxis  
Subsequent observation for pneumonia and pulmonary oedema.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable extinguishing media

Water jet spray/foam/CO2/dry extinguisher

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

High volume water jet

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire the following can develop:

Oxides of carbon  
Oxides of nitrogen  
Toxic gases  
Flammable vapour/air mixtures

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.  
Protective respirator with independent air supply.  
According to size of fire  
Full protection, if necessary.

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Cool container at risk with water.  
 Dispose of contaminated extinction water according to official regulations.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure sufficient supply of air.  
 Remove possible causes of ignition - do not smoke.  
 Avoid inhalation, and contact with eyes or skin.  
 If applicable, caution - risk of slipping.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

If leakage occurs, dam up.  
 Resolve leaks if this possible without risk.  
 Prevent surface and ground-water infiltration, as well as ground penetration.  
 Prevent from entering drainage system.  
 If accidental entry into drainage system occurs, inform responsible authorities.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with absorbent material (e.g. universal binding agent, sand, diatomaceous earth, sawdust) and dispose of according to Section 13.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protective equipment see Section 8 and for disposal instructions see Section 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

In addition to information given in this section, relevant information can also be found in section 8 and 6.1.

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

#### 7.1.1 General recommendations

Ensure good ventilation.  
 Avoid inhalation of the vapours.  
 Avoid contact with eyes or skin.  
 Eating, drinking, smoking, as well as food-storage, is prohibited in work-room.  
 Observe directions on label and instructions for use.  
 Use working methods according to operating instructions.

#### 7.1.2 Notes on general hygiene measures at the workplace

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.  
 Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.  
 Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.  
 Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep out of access to unauthorised individuals.  
 Store product closed and only in original packing.  
 Not to be stored in gangways or stair wells.  
 Do not store with flammable or self-igniting materials.  
 Under all circumstances prevent penetration into the soil.  
 Protect from direct sunlight and warming.  
 Store in a well ventilated place.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information available at present.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

Workplace exposure limit (WEL) of the total hydrocarbon solvent content of the mixture (RCP method according to EH40):  
 1000 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Chemical Name	Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)	Content %:60-80
WEL-TWA: 1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 03 581)	

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	- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (81 03 571) - Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)	
BMGV: ---		Other information: (WEL acc. to RCP-method, EH40)

Chemical Name	Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, < 2% aromatics	Content %:
WEL-TWA: 800 mg/m3	WEL-STEL: ---	---
Monitoring procedures:	- Draeger - Hydrocarbons 2/a (81 03 581) - Draeger - Hydrocarbons 0,1%/c (81 03 571) - Compur - KITA-187 S (551 174)	
BMGV: ---		Other information: (WEL acc. to RCP-method, EH40)

WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period) EH40. AGW = "Arbeitsplatzgrenzwert" (workplace limit value, Germany). | WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period). | BMGV = Biological monitoring guidance value EH40. BGW = "Biologischer Grenzwert" (biological limit value, Germany) | Other information: Sen = Capable of causing occupational asthma. Sk = Can be absorbed through skin. Carc = Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.  
 \*\* = The exposure limit for this substance is repealed through the TRGS 900 (Germany) of January 2006 with the goal of revision.

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	26	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	26	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	44	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	330	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	71	mg/m3	

2-Ethylhexylnitrate						
Area of application	Exposure route / Environmental compartment	Effect on health	Descriptor	Value	Unit	Note
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	1	mg/kg bw/day	
Workers / employees	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,35	mg/m3	
Workers / employees	Human - dermal	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,044	mg/cm2	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,52	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - inhalation	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,087	mg/m3	
Consumer	Human - oral	Long term, systemic effects	DNEL	0,025	mg/kg bw/day	
Consumer	Human - dermal	Long term, local effects	DNEL	0,022	mg/cm2	
	Environment - freshwater		PNEC	0,8	µg/l	
	Environment - marine		PNEC	0,08	µg/l	
	Environment - sediment		PNEC	0,00074	mg/kg dw	
	Environment - soil		PNEC	0,00019	mg/kg dw	

## 8.2 Exposure controls

### 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure good ventilation. This can be achieved by local suction or general air extraction.

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If this is insufficient to maintain the concentration under the WEL or AGW values, suitable breathing protection should be worn.  
 Applies only if maximum permissible exposure values are listed here.

## 8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General hygiene measures for the handling of chemicals are applicable.  
 Wash hands before breaks and at end of work.  
 Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.  
 Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering areas in which food is consumed.

Eye/face protection:  
 Tight fitting protective goggles (EN 166) with side protection, with danger of projections.

Skin protection - Hand protection:  
 Chemical resistant protective gloves (EN 374).  
 If applicable  
 Protective nitrile gloves (EN 374)  
 Protective gloves made of polyvinyl alcohol (EN 374)  
 Protective Viton® / fluoroelastomer gloves (EN 374)  
 Minimum layer thickness in mm:  
 0,5  
 Permeation time (penetration time) in minutes:  
 >= 480  
 The breakthrough times determined in accordance with EN 374 Part 3 were not obtained under practical conditions.  
 The recommended maximum wearing time is 50% of breakthrough time.  
 Protective hand cream recommended.

Skin protection - Other:  
 Protective working garments (e.g. safety shoes EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved protective working garments).

Respiratory protection:  
 If OES or MEL is exceeded.  
 Gas mask filter A (EN 14387), code colour brown  
 Observe wearing time limitations for respiratory protection equipment.

Thermal hazards:  
 Not applicable

Additional information on hand protection - No tests have been performed.  
 In the case of mixtures, the selection has been made according to the knowledge available and the information about the contents.  
 Selection of materials derived from glove manufacturer's indications.  
 Final selection of glove material must be made taking the breakthrough times, permeation rates and degradation into account.  
 Selection of a suitable glove depends not only on the material but also on other quality characteristics and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer.  
 In the case of mixtures, the resistance of glove materials cannot be predicted and must therefore be tested before use.  
 The exact breakthrough time of the glove material can be requested from the protective glove manufacturer and must be observed.

## 8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls

No information available at present.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state:	Liquid
Colour:	Clear, Brown
Odour:	Chlorine
Odour threshold:	Not determined
pH-value:	n.a.
Melting point/freezing point:	Not determined
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	180 - 210 °C
Flash point:	63 °C
Evaporation rate:	Not determined
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not determined

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Lower explosive limit:	0,6 Vol-% (Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%))
Upper explosive limit:	7 Vol-% (Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%))
Vapour pressure:	Not determined
Vapour density (air = 1):	Not determined
Density:	0,831 g/cm <sup>3</sup> (15°C)
Bulk density:	n.a.
Solubility(ies):	Not determined
Water solubility:	Insoluble
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	Not determined
Auto-ignition temperature:	Not determined
Decomposition temperature:	Not determined
Viscosity:	<7 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (40°C)
Explosive properties:	Product is not explosive. When using: development of explosive vapour/air mixture possible.
Oxidising properties:	No
<b>9.2 Other information</b>	
Miscibility:	Not determined
Fat solubility / solvent:	Not determined
Conductivity:	Not determined
Surface tension:	Not determined
Solvents content:	Not determined

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

The product has not been tested.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable with proper storage and handling.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions are known.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

See also section 7.

Heating, open flame, ignition sources

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

See also section 7.

Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

See also section 5.2

No decomposition when used as directed.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Possibly more information on health effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

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Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	ATE	>2000	mg/kg			calculated value
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	ATE	>2000	mg/kg			calculated value
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	>20	mg/l/4h			calculated value, Vapours
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	ATE	>5	mg/l/4h			calculated value, Aerosol
Skin corrosion/irritation:						n.d.a.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						n.d.a.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						n.d.a.
Germ cell mutagenicity:						n.d.a.

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Carcinogenicity:						negative, the real Naphthalene content is <1%
Reproductive toxicity:						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE):						n.d.a.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						n.d.a.
Aspiration hazard:						n.d.a.
Symptoms:						n.d.a.
Other information:						Classification according to calculation procedure.

**Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)**

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>5000	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LD50	>3400	mg/kg	Rat	OECD 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LC50	13,1	mg/l/4h	Rat	OECD 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	Vapours, Maximum achievable concentration.
Skin corrosion/irritation:						Not irritant, Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Serious eye damage/irritation:						Not irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:						Not sensitising
Germ cell mutagenicity:						Negative
Carcinogenicity:						Analogous conclusion, Negative
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE):						Target organ(s): central nervous system
Aspiration hazard:						Yes
Symptoms:						headaches, dizziness, fatigue, nausea
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (STOT-SE), inhalative:						No
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (STOT-RE), inhalat.:						Target organ(s): central nervous system

**2-Ethylhexylnitrate**

Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Acute toxicity, by oral route:						Experiences on persons., Harmful
Acute toxicity, by oral route:	LD50	>9640	mg/kg	Rat		
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:						Experiences on persons., Harmful
Acute toxicity, by dermal route:	LDLo	4820	mg/kg	Rabbit		
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:						Experiences on persons., Harmful
Acute toxicity, by inhalation:	LCLo	>4,6	mg/l/1h	Rat		Mist
Skin corrosion/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation/Corrosion)	Not irritant, Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Serious eye damage/irritation:				Rabbit	OECD 405 (Acute Eye Irritation/Corrosion)	Mild irritant
Respiratory or skin sensitisation:					OECD 406 (Skin Sensitisation)	Not sensitising
Germ cell mutagenicity:				Salmonella typhimurium	OECD 476 (In Vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)	Negative



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Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	100	mg/kg		OECD 421 (Reproduction/Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)	
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	20	mg/kg bw/d			Negative
Reproductive toxicity:	NOAEL	20	mg/kg bw/d		OECD 421 (Reproduction/Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)	

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

Possibly more information on environmental effects, see Section 2.1 (classification).

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Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Toxicity to fish:							n.d.a.
Toxicity to daphnia:							n.d.a.
Toxicity to algae:							n.d.a.
Persistence and degradability:							n.d.a.
Bioaccumulative potential:							n.d.a.
Mobility in soil:							n.d.a.
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							n.d.a.
Other adverse effects:							n.d.a.

Hydrocarbons, C10-C13, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Toxicity to fish:	LL50	96h	>10- <100	mg/l	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)	
Toxicity to daphnia:	NOEC/NOEL	21d	0,097	mg/l	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test)	
Toxicity to daphnia:	EL50	48h	10-22	mg/l	Daphnia magna		Analogous conclusion
Toxicity to algae:	EL50	72h	10-100	mg/l	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)	
Persistence and degradability:		28d	74,7	%		OECD 301 F (Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)	Readily biodegradable
Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		4,2-7,2				
Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Kow		4,2-7,2				A notable biological accumulation potential has to be expected (LogPow > 3).
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment							No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Toxicity to bacteria:	EC50		>10- 100	mg/l			

2-Ethylhexylnitrate							
Toxicity / effect	Endpoint	Time	Value	Unit	Organism	Test method	Notes
Toxicity to fish:	LC50	96h	1,88	mg/l	Brachydanio rerio		
Toxicity to daphnia:	EC50	48h	>12,6	mg/l	Daphnia magna		

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Toxicity to algae:	EC50	72h	>12,6	mg/l		
Persistence and degradability:		28d	0	%		Not readily biodegradable
Persistence and degradability:		15d				A notable biological accumulation potential has to be expected (LogPow > 3).
Bioaccumulative potential:	BCF		1332			
Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		3,74-5,24			
Bioaccumulative potential:	Log Pow		3,74-5,24			A notable biological accumulation potential has to be expected (LogPow > 3).
Mobility in soil:	Log Koc		3,8			
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment						No PBT substance, No vPvB substance
Other information:	AOX		0	%		No
Water solubility:						Slight

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### For the substance / mixture / residual amounts

EC disposal code no.:

The waste codes are recommendations based on the scheduled use of this product. Owing to the user's specific conditions for use and disposal, other waste codes may be allocated under certain circumstances. (2014/955/EU)  
 13 07 03 other fuels (including mixtures)

Recommendation:

Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.  
 Pay attention to local and national official regulations.  
 E.g. suitable incineration plant.

#### For contaminated packing material

Pay attention to local and national official regulations.  
 Empty container completely.  
 Uncontaminated packaging can be recycled.  
 Dispose of packaging that cannot be cleaned in the same manner as the substance.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### General statements

UN number: n.a.

#### Transport by road/by rail (ADR/RID)

UN proper shipping name: n.a.  
 Transport hazard class(es): n.a.  
 Packing group: n.a.  
 Classification code: n.a.  
 LQ (ADR 2015): n.a.  
 Environmental hazards: Not applicable  
 Tunnel restriction code:

#### Transport by sea (IMDG-code)

UN proper shipping name: n.a.  
 Transport hazard class(es): n.a.  
 Packing group: n.a.  
 Marine Pollutant: n.a.  
 Environmental hazards: Not applicable

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 SPEED DIESEL ZUSATZ 1 L  
 Art.: 5160

UN proper shipping name:  
 Transport hazard class(es): n.a.  
 Packing group: n.a.  
 Environmental hazards: Not applicable

**Special precautions for user**

Unless specified otherwise, general measures for safe transport must be followed.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code**

Non-dangerous material according to Transport Regulations.

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

For classification and labelling see Section 2.

Observe restrictions:

Comply with trade association/occupational health regulations.

Observe youth employment law (German regulation).

Observe law on protection of expectant mothers (German regulation).

Directive 2010/75/EU (VOC): 96,43 %

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment**

A chemical safety assessment is not provided for mixtures.

**SECTION 16: Other information**

Revised sections: 1 - 16

These details refer to the product as it is delivered.

Employee instruction/training in handling hazardous materials is required.

**Classification and processes used to derive the classification of the mixture in accordance with the ordinance (EG) 1272/2008 (CLP):**

Classification in accordance with regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)	Evaluation method used
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Classification according to calculation procedure.
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Classification according to calculation procedure.
STOT RE 1, H372	Classification according to calculation procedure.

The following phrases represent the posted Hazard Class and Risk Category Code (GHS/CLP) of the product and the constituents (specified in Section 2 and 3).

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Asp. Tox. — Aspiration hazard

Aquatic Chronic — Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic

STOT RE — Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - oral

Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute Tox. — Acute toxicity - inhalation

**Any abbreviations and acronyms used in this document:**

AC Article Categories

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acc., acc. to according, according to  
 ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists  
 ADR Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (= European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)  
 AOEL Acceptable Operator Exposure Level  
 AOX Adsorbable organic halogen compounds  
 approx. approximately  
 Art., Art. no. Article number  
 ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)  
 BAM Bundesanstalt für Materialforschung und -prüfung (Federal Institute for Materials Research and Testing, Germany)  
 BAuA Bundesanstalt für Arbeitsschutz und Arbeitsmedizin (= Federal Institute for Occupational Health and Safety, Germany)  
 BCF Bioconcentration factor  
 BGV Berufsgenossenschaftliche Vorschrift (= Accident Prevention Regulation)  
 BHT Butylhydroxytoluol (= 2,6-Di-t-butyl-4-methyl-phenol)  
 BMGV Biological monitoring guidance value (EH40, UK)  
 BOD Biochemical oxygen demand  
 BSEF Bromine Science and Environmental Forum  
 bw body weight  
 CAS Chemical Abstracts Service  
 CEC Coordinating European Council for the Development of Performance Tests for Fuels, Lubricants and Other Fluids  
 CESIO Comité Européen des Agents de Surface et de leurs Intermédiaires Organiques  
 CIPAC Collaborative International Pesticides Analytical Council  
 CLP Classification, Labelling and Packaging (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures)  
 CMR carcinogenic, mutagenic, reproductive toxic  
 COD Chemical oxygen demand  
 CTFA Cosmetic, Toiletry, and Fragrance Association  
 DMEL Derived Minimum Effect Level  
 DNEL Derived No Effect Level  
 DOC Dissolved organic carbon  
 DT50 Dwell Time - 50% reduction of start concentration  
 DVS Deutscher Verband für Schweißen und verwandte Verfahren e.V. (= German Association for Welding and Allied Processes)  
 dw dry weight  
 e.g. for example (abbreviation of Latin 'exempli gratia'), for instance  
 EC European Community  
 ECHA European Chemicals Agency  
 EEA European Economic Area  
 EEC European Economic Community  
 EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances  
 ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances  
 EN European Norms  
 EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency (United States of America)  
 ERC Environmental Release Categories  
 ES Exposure scenario  
 etc. et cetera  
 EU European Union  
 EWC European Waste Catalogue  
 Fax. Fax number  
 gen. general  
 GHS Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
 GWP Global warming potential  
 HET-CAM Hen's Egg Test - Chorionallantoic Membrane  
 HGWP Halocarbon Global Warming Potential  
 IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer  
 IATA International Air Transport Association  
 IBC Intermediate Bulk Container  
 IBC (Code) International Bulk Chemical (Code)  
 IC Inhibitory concentration  
 IMDG-code International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods  
 incl. including, inclusive  
 IUCLID International Uniform Chemical Information Database  
 LC lethal concentration  
 LC50 lethal concentration 50 percent kill  
 LCLo lowest published lethal concentration

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LD Lethal Dose of a chemical  
LD50 Lethal Dose, 50% kill  
LDLo Lethal Dose Low  
LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level  
LOEC Lowest Observed Effect Concentration  
LOEL Lowest Observed Effect Level  
LQ Limited Quantities  
MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships  
n.a. not applicable  
n.av. not available  
n.c. not checked  
n.d.a. no data available  
NIOSH National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (United States of America)  
NOAEC No Observed Adverse Effective Concentration  
NOAEL No Observed Adverse Effect Level  
NOEC No Observed Effect Concentration  
NOEL No Observed Effect Level  
ODP Ozone Depletion Potential  
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  
org. organic  
PAH polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbon  
PBT persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic  
PC Chemical product category  
PE Polyethylene  
PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration  
POCP Photochemical ozone creation potential  
ppm parts per million  
PROC Process category  
PTFE Polytetrafluorethylene  
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals)  
REACH-IT List-No. 9xx-xxx-x No. is automatically assigned, e.g. to pre-registrations without a CAS No. or other numerical identifier. List Numbers do not have any legal significance, rather they are purely technical identifiers for processing a submission via REACH-IT.  
RID Règlement concernant le transport International ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (= Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail)  
SADT Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature  
SAR Structure Activity Relationship  
SU Sector of use  
SVHC Substances of Very High Concern  
Tel. Telephone  
ThOD Theoretical oxygen demand  
TOC Total organic carbon  
TRGS Technische Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (=Technical Regulations for Hazardous Substances)  
UN RTDG United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods  
VbF Verordnung über brennbare Flüssigkeiten (= Regulation for flammable liquids (Austria))  
VOC Volatile organic compounds  
vPvB very persistent and very bioaccumulative  
WEL-TWA, WEL-STEL WEL-TWA = Workplace Exposure Limit - Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA (= time weighted average) reference period), WEL-STEL = Workplace Exposure Limit - Short-term exposure limit (15-minute reference period) (EH40, UK).  
WHO World Health Organization  
wwt wet weight

The statements made here should describe the product with regard to the necessary safety precautions - they are not meant to guarantee definite characteristics - but they are based on our present up-to-date knowledge.

No responsibility.

These statements were made by:

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