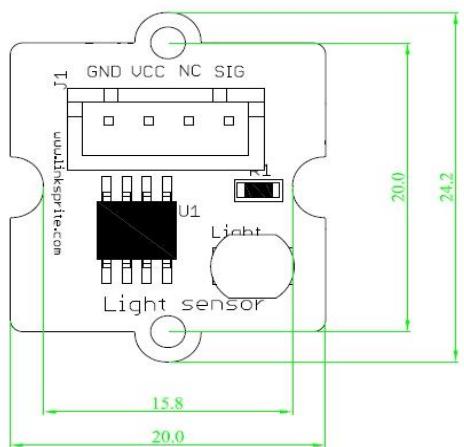
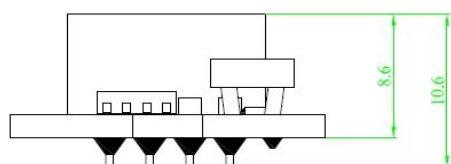
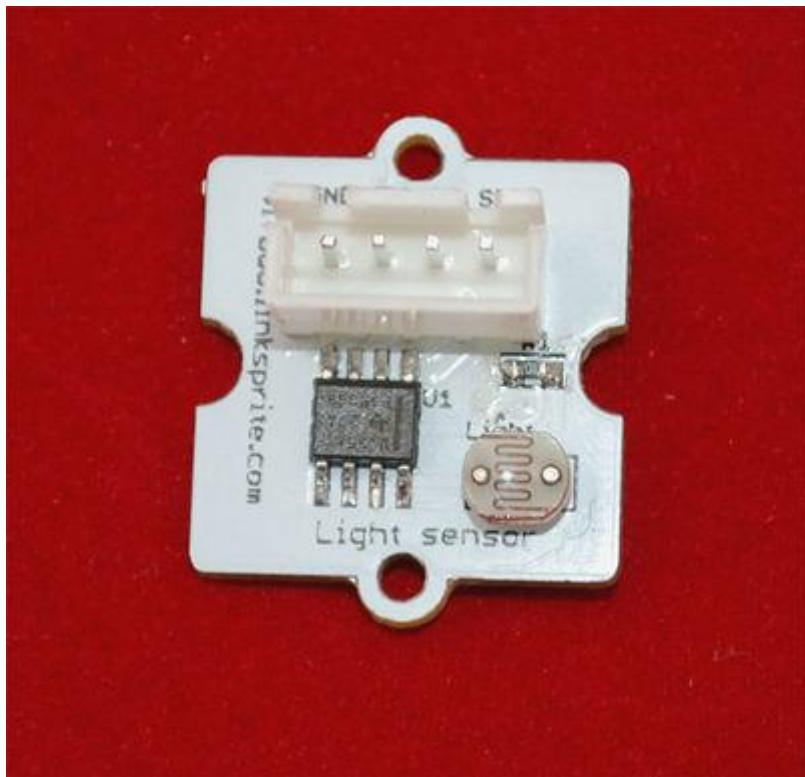


# Introduction

The light sensor, also known as the light dependent resistor (LDR). Typically, the resistance of the light sensor will decrease when the ambient light intensity increases.



# Application Ideas

## test code

```
#include <math.h>
const int ledPin=12; //Connect the Linker LED module to Pin12, Digital 12
const int thresholdvalue=10; //The treshold for which the LED should turn on. Setting it lower will make it go on at more light, higher for more darkness

void setup() {
  Serial.begin(9600); //Start the Serial connection
  pinMode(ledPin,OUTPUT); //Set the LED on Digital 12 as an OUTPUT
}
void loop() {
  int sensorValue = analogRead(0); //Connect the Linker LDR module to A0, Analog 0
  float Rsensor;
  Rsensor=(float) (1023-sensorValue)*10/sensorValue;

  if(Rsensor>thresholdvalue)
  {
    digitalWrite(ledPin,HIGH);
  }
  else
  {
    digitalWrite(ledPin,LOW);
  }

  Serial.println(Rsensor,DEC);
}
```

