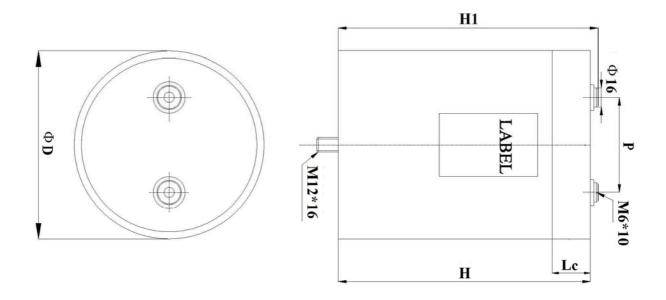


1.) Product Code: FCCR2DL767KL175031CE3-JEE0061 Series CBB_131_DL



2.) Dimensions:

Diameter	D = 86mm ± 1 mm
Length without Terminals	H = 175mm ± 1 mm
Total Length	$H_1 = 180 \text{mm} \pm 1 \text{mm}$
Can Style	С
Terminal Style	female
Pitch, Distance between Terminals	P = 32mm ± 0,5 mm
Mounting Stud	M12 x 16 mm
Max. Torque (Terminal)	5 Nm
Max. Torque (Stud)	12 Nm
Design Style	Aluminum Case / Plastic
Filling	Resin Filling (dry type)

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Specification: 3.)

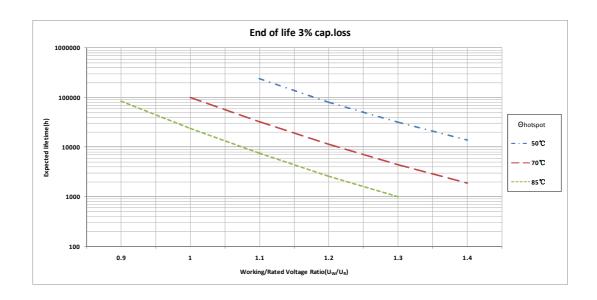
Item:	Value:	Condition:
Climatic Category	40/85/56	IEC60068-2-78
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ +85°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-40°C ~ +85°C	
Rated Voltage Urdc	900V _{DC}	
Capacitance	760µF	at 20°C, 100 Hz
Capacitor Tolerance	+/- 10%	at 20°C, 100 Hz
Max. Current I _{max}	72Arms	at 40°C (⊙ _A), 1kHz
	65Arms	at 50°C (⊙ _A), 1kHz
	55Arms	at 60°C (⊙ _A), 1kHz
Max. Hotspot Temperature (⊕ _{HS})	+85°C	
Series Resistance (Rs)	< 1,8mΩ	at 20°C, 1kHz
Self Inductance (Ls)	< 60nH	at 20°C
Voltage between Terminals U _{TT}	1.350V _{DC}	at 20°C for 10s
Voltage between Terminals and Case U _{TC}	3.000V _{AC}	at 50 Hz, 20°C for 10s
Max. Over Voltage	1,1 * Ur	30% of on-load-duration
	1,15 * Ur	30 min per day
	1,2 * Ur	5 min per day
	1,3 * Ur	1 min per day
	1,5 * Ur	30ms max, 100ms per day
Insulation Resistance Ri x C	≥10.000MΩ*μF	at 20°C, 100V _{DC} , 1 min
Dissipation Factor Tan δ	< 0,0015	at 20°C, 100Hz
Max. Peak Current ÎAC max	4.560 A	
Max. Peak Surge Current Î _s	13,7 kA	Max. 1000 times for a
		duration of 50ms/pulse
Max. dV/dt	6 V/µs	$dV/dt = \hat{I}_{ACmax} / C$
Thermal Resistance Rth	≤ 4,3 K/W	Hotspot-Ambient
Max Altitude	2000m	
Reference Standard	IEC 61071 : 2007	
	GB/T 17702 : 1999	
	RoHS	
	REACH	

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4.) Lifetime:

Item:	Value:	Condition:
Life Expectancy	>100.000h	at _{O_{HS}} ≤ 70°C
Failure Rate	< 50 FIT	at U_{rdc} , $\Theta_{\text{A}} = 70^{\circ}\text{C}$



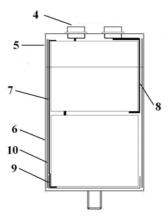
5.) Marking (Example):

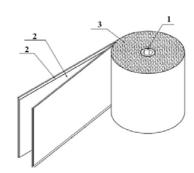


- 1 Brand
- 2 Product Series
- 3 Capacitance and Tolerance
- 4 Rated Voltage
- 5 Voltage between Terminal and Case, Frequency
- 6 Temperature Range, Reference Standard
- 7 Safety Warning
- 8 Date code



6.) Internal Structure:





No.	Component	Material	NO	Component	Material
1	Plastic Core	PC	6	Aluminum Case	Al
2	Metallized Film	PP + Al, Zn	7	Filling with Resin	PU
3	Metal Sprayed Electrode	Zn+ Sn/Zn	8	Connection Electrode	Cu
4	Terminals	Cu, plated by Tin	9	Insulation Cover	PP
5	Deck	PC	10	Insulation Paper	Paper + PP

7.) Ordering Code:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1	1	12	13	14	15	16	П	17	18	19	20	21	22 23	3 24	25	26	27	28
	FC	С		A3	DI	Ĺ	. 79	427		H	ς	K	K 136			0		3	1	A	E	3	JE	x	x x		x	x
Capac	itor type	Product shape	voltag	rated e code V)	Series	code	code	acitar exam (µF)		Capac		Diameter (mm)		Heigh (mm)		Terminal style		Terminal pitch (mm)	Stud bolt mounting	Can style	For inte	ernal use	For specials		als o	only		
Film ca	p. = FC	cylindrical = C	800	= 2K	CBB131	= DL	100	=	107	±5%	= J	60 = D	95	=	095	Female M6 = 0	0	32 = 3	no = 0	Style A = A								
			900	= R2	O SANS R		220	=	227	±10%	= K	75 = G	120	=	120	Female M8 = 2	2	45 = 4	yes = 1	Style B = B								
			1100	= A3			420	=	427	±20%	= M	76 = H	136	=	136	Female M10 = 4	4	50 = 5		Style C = C								
			1200	= 3B			500	=	507			85 = K	155	=	155	Male M6 = 1	1		-	Style D = D								
			1300	= 03			1000	=	108			86 = L	175	=	175	Male M8 = 3	3											
			1500	= C3			1100	=	118			89 = S	225	=	225	Male M10 = 5	5											
										1		90 = M	230	10	230		_											
												116 = P																
												136 = T																

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Handling Precautions

Jianghai Film Capacitors

Warranty: The information contained in this datasheet does neither form part of any quotation nor of a contract, it is believed to be accurate, reliable and up to date Quality data are based on the statistical evaluations of a large quantity of parts and do not constitute a guarantee in a legal sense. However, agreement on these do not constitute a guarantee in a legal sense. However, agreement on these specifications does mean that the customer may claim for replacement of individual defective capacitors within the terms of delivery. We cannot assume any liability beyond the replacement of defective components. This applies in particular to any further consequences of component failure. Furthermore it must be taken into consideration that the figures stated for lifetime, failure rates and outlier percentages refer to the average production status and are therefore to be understood as mean values (statistical expectations) for a large number of delivery lots of identical capacitors. These figures are based on application experience and data obtained from preceding tots under surger compared confidence or for purpose of data obtained from preceding tests under normal conditions, or - for purpose of accelerated aging - more severe conditions. JIANGHAI reserves the right to change these specifications without prior notice. Any application information given is advisory and does not form part of any specification. The products are not primarily designed for use in life supporting applications, devices or systems where primarily designed for use in life supporting applications, devices or systems where malfunction of these products can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. JIANGHAI customers using or selling these products for use in such applications without prior written consent of JIANGHAI do so at their own risk and agree fully to indemnify JIANGHAI for any damage resulting from such improper use or sale. This version of the datasheet supersedes all previous versions.

Rated Voltage U_R : Rated Voltage is the maximum operating peak voltage of either polarity but of a non-reversing type waveform, for which the capacitor has been designed, for continuous operation. The Rated Voltage is marked on the capacitor and defined in the datasheets as U_R .

Operating voltage: The plastic film capacitor varies in the maximum applicable voltage depending on the applied voltage waveform, current waveform, frequency voltage depending on the applied voltage waveform, current waveform, requency, ambient temperature (capacitor surface temperature), capacitance value, etc. Be sure to use capacitors within the specified values by checking the voltage waveform, current waveform, and frequency applied to them (In the application of high frequency, the permissible voltage varies with the type of the capacitor. Refer to the specification for details.)

Non-recurrent surge voltage Us: Peak voltage induced by a switching or any other disturbance of the system which is allowed for a limited number of times and for durations shorter than the basic period.
- Maximum duration: 50 ms / pulse

- Maximum number of occurrences: 1000 (during load)

Maximum rate of voltage rise dV/dt: Maximum permissible repetitive rate of voltage rise of the operational voltage

Charging and discharging: Because the charging and discharging current of capacitor is obtained by the product of voltage rise rate (dV/dt) and capacitance, low voltage charging and discharging may also cause deterioration of capacitor such as shorting and open due to sudden charging and discharging current. When charging and discharging, pass through a resistance of $20\Omega/V$ to $1000\Omega/V$ or more to limit the current.

When connecting multiple film capacitors in parallel in withstand voltage test or life test, connect a resistance of $20\Omega/V$ to $1000\Omega/V$ or more in series to each capacitor (For detail see the specification). In addition, capacitors must be discharged via a resistor before handling. Because the capacitors do not have any discharge resistors built-in, there is a risk of residual voltages and electric energy contents

Operating Current: The pulse (or AC) current flowing through the capacitor is expressed as: I = C x dV/dt. Due to the fact that the dissipation factor of the capacitor is greater than zero, heat will be generated in any application where alternating currents or pulses occur. The resulting internal temperature rise may cause a severe deterioration of the capacitor's withstanding voltage, or may lead to a breakdown (even smoke or fire may result). Therefore, the safe use of capacitor must be within the rated voltage (or category voltage) and the permissible current ranges. The rated current must be considered by dividing into pulse current (peak current) and continuous current (rms current) depending on the break down in and when using, should make sure the both currents are within the permissible

Temperature range: Use film capacitors only within the specified operating

Expected lifetime: The expected lifetime of the capacitor depends on the applied voltage and the hot spot temperature during operation. For capacitors applied in different situations, the obtainable average service lives are different. The capacitors used in DC-Link circuits will have an expected lifetime of approximately 100000 hours at rated voltage and 70℃ hot spot temperature.

Insulation voltage Ui: rms value of AC voltage designed for the insulation between terminals of the capacitor to case or earth. The insulation voltage is equal to the rated voltage of the capacitor, divided by $\sqrt{2}$, unless otherwise specified.

Voltage between terminals U_{TT}: Voltage between terminals (at 20°C, 10s):

Voltage between terminals and case U_{TC} : Voltage between terminals and case (at 20°C, 10s): $2 \times Ui + 1000$ or 3000 (V_{AC}), whichever value is larger.

Buzzing noise: Any buzzing noise produced by a capacitor is caused by the vibration of the film due to the Coulomb force that is generated between the electrodes with opposite poles. If the wave-form with a high distortion rate or frequency is applied across the capacitor, the buzzing noise will become louder. But the buzzing noise is of no harm to the capacitor.

Surface over temperature $\Delta \theta$ case: When current continuously flow through the capacitor, the temperature inside the capacitor will rise induced by dissipated heat. If the temperature exceeds the maximum allowed hot-spot temperature, it might cause a short circuit or fire. The limits described in the logue must not be exceeded and it's necessary to check the temperature on the capacitor's surface in operation.

Flame retardation: Although flame retarding PU resin or plastic case material is used in the coating or encapsulation of plastic film capacitors, continuous exposure to high temperature ambient or fire will break the coating layer or plastic case of the capacitor, and may lead to melting and ignition of the

Humid ambient: If used for a long time in a humid ambient, the capacitor might absorb humidity and oxidize the electrodes causing damage to the capacitor. In case of AC application, high humidity would increase the corona effect. This phenomenon causes a drop in capacitance and an increase of capacitor losses.

Storage conditions:

- 1) Capacitors must not be stored in corrosive atmospheres, particularly not when chlorides, sulfides, acids, lye, salts, organic solvents or similar substances are
- 2) It must not be stored in high temperature and/or high humidity environments. The following storage conditions must be kept (applicable only for storage in the
- original package): Temperature: ≤ 35 °C
- Humidity: ≤ 80% RH, no dew allowed on the capacitor.
- Storage time:

 24 months (from the date marked on the capacitor's body or on the label sticking to the package)

Mounting: Other devices, which are mounted near the capacitor, should not touch the capacitor. Additional heat coming from other components near the capacitor may reduce the lifetime of the capacitor. Do never attempt to bend or twist the capacitor after mounting and avoid any mechanical stress on the terminals. Never exceed the max. permissible torques when tightening the terminal screws or the mounting bolt's cap nuts.

Caution during use of Capacitors: Do not touch the terminals of capacitors. Keep the capacitor free from conductive solution, such as acids, alkali and so on.

Ensure that the operating environment of the equipment into which the capacitor has been built is within the specified conditions mentioned in the catalogue or specification sheets.

Definition of electrical parameters: Separate documents as application notes, equivalent circuit diagrams and so on are available on request

Packaging: Please refer to the data book for details. Further information is available on request.

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