## IDUINO for Maker's life

## Analog Temperature Sensor(ST1147)



## 1. Introduction

A thermistor is a type of resistor whose resistance is dependent on temperature, more so than in standard resistors. The word is a portmanteau of thermal and resistor. Thermistors are widely used as inrush current limiter, temperature sensors (NTC type typically), self-resetting overcurrent protectors, and self-regulating heating elements.

The Module's feature as below:

| Feature | Value |
| :--- | :--- |
| Model No. | NTC-MF52 3950 |
| Temperature Range | $-55^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \sim+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Accuracy | $+/-0.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Pull-up resistor | $10 \mathrm{~K} \Omega$ |

## 2.Pinout

| Pin | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| $" \mathbf{S "}$ | Signal pin |
| $"-"$ | Gnd |
| $"+"$ | Vcc(reference voltage:5V DC) |

## Temperature convert Formula

Here we use Steinhart-Hart equation to calculate the corresponding temperature. The equation is

$$
\frac{1}{T}=A+B \ln (R)+C[\ln (R)]^{3},
$$

where:
$T$ is the temperature (in Kelvins)
$R$ is the resistance at T (in ohms)
$A, B$, and $C$ are the Steinhart-Hart coefficients which vary depending on the type and model of thermistor and the temperature range of interest. (The most general form of the applied equation contains a $[\ln (R)]^{\wedge} 2$ term, but this is frequently neglected because it is typically much smaller than the other coefficients).

Note: For this module, the recommended coefficients of $A, B, C$ are
A equals 0.001129148;
$B$ equals 0.000234125 ;
C equals 0.0000000876741;
More, the same item products has a little bit different $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$ coefficients, which depends your environmental temperature. If the recommended coefficients are not accurate enough, you'd better amend the A,B,C coefficients by Thermistor Calculator tool.

## 3 Example

This is a simple code for the NTC thermistor module, Connection as below:


Example code :

```
******Code begin******
#include <math.h>
double Thermister(int RawADC) {
```


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```
double Temp;
Temp = log(((10240000/RawADC) - 10000));
Temp = 1 / (0.001129148 + (0.000234125 + (0.0000000876741 * Temp * Temp ))*
Temp );
Temp = Temp - 273.15;
return Temp;
}
void setup() {
Serial.begin(9600);
}
void loop()
    { Serial.print(Thermister(analogRead(0)));
    Serial.println("c");
    delay(1000); }
******Code End******
```

