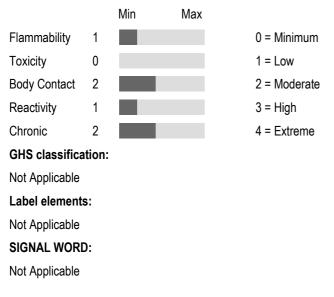


Material Safety Data Sheet

1. Product & Company Identification

Product:	HIPS filament, Ø1.75 mm, black, 0,5 kg	
Manufacturer:	Conrad Electronic SE	
Address:	Klaus-Conrad-Str. 1, D-92240 Hirschau	
Telephone:	+49 (0) 9604 / 40 - 8988	
Date of issue:	16.05.2017	

2. Hazards Identification



3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Ingredient Name	CAS No.	EC No.	Content (%)
HIPS	9003-53-6	500-008-9	>99.9%
Other additives			<0.1%



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4. First Aid Measures

INGESTION

- Immediately give a glass of water.
- First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

EYE

If this product comes in contact with the eyes:

- · Wash out immediately with fresh running water.
- Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.
- · Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.
- Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.

SKIN

If skin or hair contact occurs:

- Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).
- · Seek medical attention in event of irritation.

INHALED

- If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.
- Other measures are usually unnecessary.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN

• Treat symptomatically.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

- Do NOT direct a solid stream of water or foam into burning molten material; this may cause spattering and spread the fire.
- Foam.
- Dry chemical powder.
- BCF (where regulations permit).

FIRE FIGHTING

- Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
- · Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire.
- · Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.
- Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.

FIRE/EXPLOSION HAZARD

· Combustible solid which burns but propagates flame with difficulty

FIRE INCOMPATIBILITY

Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result.



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6. Accidental Release Measures

MINOR SPILLS

• Generally not applicable.

MAJOR SPILLS

• Generally not applicable.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

7. Handling and Storage

PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDING

- The greatest potential for injury caused by molten materials occurs during purging of machinery (moulders, extruders etc.).
- It is essential that workers in the immediate area of the machinery wear eye and skin protection (such as full face, safety glasses, heat resistant gloves, overalls and safety boots) as protection from thermal burns.
- Fumes or vapours emitted from hot melted materials, during converting operations, may condense on overhead metal surfaces or exhaust ducts. The condensate may contain substances which are irritating or toxic. Avoid contact of that material with the skin.
- · Plastic bag
- NOTE: Bags should be stacked, blocked, interlocked, and limited in height so that they are stable and secure against sliding or collapse.
- · Store in original containers.
- · Keep containers securely sealed.
- · Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.

SUITABLE CONTAINER

- · Glass container is suitable for laboratory quantities
- · Polyethylene or polypropylene container.
- · Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.

STORAGE INCOMPATIBILITY

· Avoid reaction with oxidising agents

PACKAGE MATERIAL INCOMPATIBILITIES

Not Available



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8. Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

APPROPRIATE ENGINEERING CONTROLS

For molten materials:

Provide mechanical ventilation; in general such ventilation should be provided at compounding/ converting areas and at fabricating/ filling work stations where the material is heated. Local exhaust ventilation should be used over and in the vicinity of machinery involved in handling the molten material.

Keep dry!!

Processing temperatures may be well above boiling point of water, so wet or damp material may cause a serious steam explosion if used in unvented equipment.

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.

PERSONAL PROTECTION



EYE AND FACE PROTECTION

- · Safety glasses with side shields
- · Chemical goggles.
- Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task.

SKIN PROTECTION

See Hand protection below

HANDS/FEET PROTECION

The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

Suitability and durability of glove type is dependent on usage.

BODY PROTECTION

See Other protection below

OTHER PROTECTION

- · When handling hot or molten liquids, wear trousers or overalls outside of boots, to avoid spills entering boots.
- Usually handled as molten liquid which requires worker thermal protection and increases hazard of vapour exposure.
- CAUTION: Vapours may be irritating.
- Overalls.



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9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties					
Color:	Black				
Form:	Wire line				
Odor:	Odorlessness				
Melting Range (°C):	212				
Boiling Range (°C):	270				
Flash Point (°C):	>230				
Decomposition Temp (°C):	280				
Autoignition Temp (°C):	No data.				
Upper Explosive Limit (%):	No data.				
Lower Explosive Limit (%):	No data.				
Volatile Component (%vol):	No data.				
Molecular Weight:	No data.				
Viscosity:	No data.				
Solubility in water (g/L):	No data.				
pH (1% solution):	No data.				
pH (as supplied):	No data.				
Vapour Pressure (kPa):	No data.				
Specific Gravity (water=1):	1047				
Relative Vapour Density (air=1):	No data.				
Evaporation Rate:	No data.				

10. Stability and Reactivity

REACTIVITY

See section 7

CHEMICAL STABILITY

- Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials.
- Product is considered stable.
- Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.



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11. Toxicological Information

Information on toxicological affects Acute Toxicity LD/LC50 values relevant for classification No data. Primary irritant effect On the skin No data. On the eyes No data. Inhaled No data. Sensitization No data.

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air	Bioaccumulation	Mobility
HIPS	HIGH	HIGH	MEDIUM	LOW
Other additives	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available

13.- Disposal Considerations

Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their area. In some areas, certain wastes must be tracked.

A Hierarchy of Controls seems to be common - the user should investigate:

- Reduction
- Reuse
- · Recycling
- Disposal (if all else fails)

This material may be recycled if unused, or if it has not been contaminated so as to make it unsuitable for its intended use.



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14. Transport Information

Labels Required Marine Pollutant: NO NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS: ADR, IATA, IMDG, ADN

15. Regulatory Information

REGULATIONS

The product needs to follow local regulations.

16. Other Information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.