

Features

- Automatic relay shutdown when over-current is detected in the main circuit (Load circuit).
- Free programmable over-current cut off thresholds up. $\pm 2000$ Amps
- There is the possibility of using a conventional simulation of melting fuse characteristics.
- Optional control input for starter for a measuring technology "Hide" transient current spikes during the start procedure
- Safety release by low voltage, and over-temperature shutdown feasible.
- Output a status signal to indicate the operating status


# KISSLING HIGH POWER RELAY WITH BIDIRECTIONAL CURRENT SENSING ELECTRONIC 

## Series 26.99 / 100A | 200A| 300A | 500A

- from TE Connectivity (TE)

The 26.99 series are power relays with an integrated evaluation system. With this series we can respond to your individual requirements of current monitoring. Benefits of this series allow programmable analog outputs, larger current ranges and shutdowns.

## Operation

The electronic measures the main current galvanically isolated and switch-OFF the relay whenever the threshold is exceeded. The relay remains switch-OFF until again reset by switching-OFF-ON INIT or switching-ON-OFF the supply voltage.
The switching status of all relays with electronic sensing is primarily determined by the input signal (INIT). Even if the supply voltage is sufficient, the relay will only switched-ON after the voltage at the INIT-input falls below $0,5 \mathrm{VDC}$. IF the relay must be switched-ON directly by supply voltage, then the INIT signal must be drawn to a minus potential through A2 (e.g. wire bridge). If the standard threshold is exceeded, the electronic switches the relay off.

## Tripping [switching-OFF] during Low Voltage Conditions

To avoid malfunction, a minimum supply voltage (example 16 VDC) has to be present. The relay cannot be switched-ON under this voltage. If the voltage drops below this value, the relay is switched-OFF and remains turned-OFF, even if the voltage rises back above the required minimum. The relay can only be re-set through INIT and/or if the supply voltage is reactivated through a switch-on function.

## Circuits

Relay 100A/200A/300A


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A }=\text { Pull in Coil } \\
& H=\text { Holding Coil }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Specification

## Technical Data

| Temperature range | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dielectric withstanding voltage | 1050VAC / 1 min at 50 Hz |  |  |  |
| Continuous current | 100A | 200A | 300A | 500A |
| Overload | $\begin{aligned} & 1000 \mathrm{~A}-1 \mathrm{sec} \\ & 250 \mathrm{~A}-20 \mathrm{sec} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 2000A-1sec } \\ & 500 \mathrm{~A}-20 \mathrm{sec} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3000 \mathrm{~A}-1 \mathrm{sec} \\ & 750 \mathrm{~A}-20 \mathrm{sec} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 5000A - } 1 \mathrm{sec} \\ & 1250 \mathrm{~A}-20 \mathrm{sec} \end{aligned}$ |
| Thread sizes / Torque | M3 $=0.5-0.6 \mathrm{Nm}\|\mathrm{M} 3.5=1.1 .-1.2 \mathrm{Nm}\| \mathrm{M} 4=2.0-2.2 \mathrm{Nm}\|\mathrm{M} 8=12-13 \mathrm{Nm}\| \mathrm{M} 10=15-20 \mathrm{Nm}$ |  |  |  |
| Mounting position | optional |  |  |  |
| Rated contact load | 100A | 200A | 300A | 500A |
| Cycles | 50.000 | 50.000 | 50.000 | 50.000 |
| Mechanical life | 100.000 cycles | 100.000 cycles | 100.000 cycles | 100.000 cycles |
| Coil Data | 100A | 200A | 300A | 500A |
| Voltage range | 18-32VDC |  |  |  |
| Nominal voltage | 24VDC |  |  |  |
| Min. operational voltage | 15VDC |  |  |  |
| Spikes | 70VDC - 50msec |  |  |  |
| Pull in current | 6A-50msec | 4A-50msec | 4A-50msec | 8A-50msec |
| Operational current | 0.25A | 0.3 A | 0.3A | 0.4A |
| Wire section | $25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \mid$ AWG3 <br> 0.039 sq.inch | $70 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} \mid$ AWGOO / <br> 0.109 sq.inch | $95 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ \|AWGOOOO <br> 0.147 sq.inch | $240 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ IMCM10O 0.372 sq.inch |

## Operating times

| Inrush trip prevention (t1) | from 100 msec |
| :--- | :--- |
| Operate, bounce and runtime | approx. 100 msec |
| Release incl. runtime | approx. 50 msc |

## Auxiliary contact

| Make \& break | 6 A |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Continuous current | 2 A |  |
| Control Input | INIT | STARTER |
| Contril Signal | $<0.5 \mathrm{~V}$ LOW $/>4 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{HIGH}$ | $<5 \mathrm{~V}$ LOW $/>9 \mathrm{VHIGH}$ |

## Status Output

| Status Signal | active low impendance |
| :--- | :--- |
| Output current | max. 200 mA |
| Residual voltage | max. 1VDC |

## Analog Output

| Output signal | $0-5 V D C$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Accuracy | $5 \% \pm 5 \mathrm{~A}$ |

Technical drawings
Relay 100A 26.60.99


Relay 500A 26.05.99


## Terminals

## A1+/A2-:

Current and voltage supply. Polarity and peak protected.
INIT:
5 V control input signal. When the voltage drops below O.5 VDC the relay is switched-ON (active LOW).

## STARTER:

A voltage-value 9 VDC disconnects at cut-off threshold (active HIGH).
STAT+/STAT-:
The galvanic insulated status output can switch a maximum of 200 mAmp . The status signal is active (Low ohmic resistance) whenever an overload current un the main current or a low voltage in the supply circuit has been detected. When the relay is switched-OFF (opening of INIT input or switching-OFF the supply voltage), the Status signal is reset (HIGH ohmic resistance). Status signal is currently available only for 100A, 200A and 300A Relays.

## Operational characteristics and terminology



## A_OUT/A_GND:

Analog voltage 0-5 VDC
Mechanical auxiliary contacts:
Optional possible.

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