

PGE-2 Gripper User Manual

Issue: V1.0 Date: 2021-07-30

Shenzhen Yuejiang Technology Co., Ltd.



Copyright © Shenzhen Yuejiang Technology Co., Ltd. 2021. All rights reserved.

No part of this document may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means without the prior written consent of Yuejiang Technology Co., Ltd..

Disclaimer

To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, the products described (including its hardware, software, and firmware, etc.) in this document are provided **AS IS**, which may have flaws, errors or faults. Yuejiang makes no warranties of any kind, express or implied, including but not limited to, merchantability, satisfaction of quality, fitness for a particular purpose and non-infringement of third party rights. In no event will Yuejiang be liable for any special, incidental, consequential or indirect damages resulting from the use of our products and documents.

Before using our product, please thoroughly read and understand the contents of this document and related technical documents that are published online, to ensure that the robot is used on the premise of fully understanding the robot and related knowledge. Please use this document with technical guidance from professionals. Even if follow this document or any other related instructions, damages or losses will be happening in the using process, Dobot shall not be considered as a guarantee regarding all security information contained in this document.

The user has the responsibility to make sure following the relevant practical laws and regulations of the country, in order that there is no significant danger in the use of the robot.

If this document is incorrect, please refer to the original document.

Shenzhen Yuejiang Technology Co., Ltd.

Address: Floor 9-10, Building 2, Chongwen Garden, Nanshan iPark, Liuxian Blvd, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, China

Website: www.dobot.cc

Issue V1.0 (2021-07-30)

Aanual Copyright © Yuejiang Technology Co., Ltd.



Contents

1. Speci	ificatio	1S	1		
1.1	Perform	nance parameter	1		
1.2	Indicator				
1.3	Pinout of	description	3		
2. Insta	llation	Instructions	5		
2.1	Dimens	ion	5		
2.2	Shippin	g list	5		
2.3	Installa	tion procedure	6		
3. Mod	bus-RT	U Control	10		
3.1	Wiring		10		
3.2	Default	communication parameters	10		
3.3	Modbus	s-RTU description	10		
	3.3.1	RTU framing	10		
	3.3.2	Supported Modbus function code	11		
	3.3.3	Register mapping	11		
	3.3.4	Register description	13		
4. I/O (Control		22		
4.1	Wiring		22		
4.2	I/O sett	ing	23		
	4.2.1	Configure IO	23		
	4.2.2	Open IO	24		
	4.2.3	Save settings	25		
	4.2.4	Restart	25		



1. Specifications

PGE series are industrial electric gripper, the number (PGE-number) represents the maximum gripping force of the gripper. The gripper is equipped with a pair of parallel fingertips, which runs symmetrically during the movement. The main structure of the gripper is a smooth rectangular structure. It is equipped with an 8-core communication interface, as shown in Figure 1.1. It has the following characteristics:

- **Controllable force/position/speed**: The gripper can program and adjust the grip position, grip force and speed.
- **Multiple communication modes**: The gripper supports Modbus RTU protocol and IO mode control. Other communication protocols such as USB and ETHERNET can be transferred through protocol converter.
- **Gripping Detection**: The combination of force control and position control is adopted in the gripping process.
- **Gripping feedback**: The state of the gripper can be read by programming, and can also be judged according to the indicator of the gripper.
- **Fingertips can be customized**: Fingertips can be replaced according to situation, which is suitable for precision machining, parts assembly, and other fields.



Figure 1.1 PGE series gripper

1.1 Performance parameter

The specific parameters of PGE-2 gripper are listed in Table 1.1.



PGE-2 performance parameters.						
Gripping force (per jaw)	0.8-2N					
Opening/closing stroke (both sides)	0-12mm					
Opening/Closing time	0.2s/0.2s					
Weight	0.3kg					
Force repeatability	±0.1N					
Position repeatability (both sides)	±0.02mm					
Noise emission	< 40 dB					
Ingress protection rating	IP40					
Communication protocols	Modbus RTU(RS485), I/O					
Nominal voltage	24V DC±10%					
Nominal current	0.2 A					
Peak current	0.5 A					

Table 1.1 PGE-2 specifications

In the actual gripping, you should take the gripping angle and gripping position into account.

The following right-angle coordinate system is established, and the corresponding directions of the X-axis, Y-axis, and Z-axis are shown in Figure 1.2 below. The force perpendicular to the gripped flat surface is used as Fz, the x-axis direction torque is Mx, the y-axis direction torque is My, and the z-axis direction torque is Mz. The PGE-2 finger load table is shown in Table 1.2:

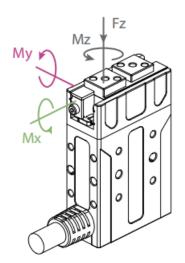


Figure 1.2 Finger load diagram

Copyright © Yuejiang Technology Co., Ltd.



Table 1.2	PGE-2 Finger load.
-----------	--------------------

PGE-2	
Max allowable vertical load (static)	35N
Max allowable moment Mx (static)	0.2 N·m
Max allowable moment My (static)	0.17 N·m
Max allowable moment Mz (static)	0.2 N·m

1.2 Indicator

The gripper can feed back the state of the gripper in real time. In addition to the command reading, it can also be judged on the color of the indicator:

Color description of indicator

Uninitialized state: Red light blinks, other lights are off.

Initialized State: the blue light is always on, indicating that it is in the operable state.

Received command state: the red light blink once quickly (because the blue light is always on at this time, the gripper indicator light will looks like a purple light).

Object Caught state: green light is always on, other lights are off.

Object dropped state: green light blinking.

1.3 **Pinout description**

The pinout of the gripper is shown in Figure 1.4, and the pin description is shown in Table 1.3.

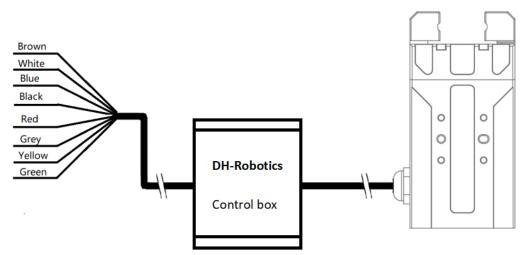


Figure1.4 Pinout assignment

Table 1.3	Pinout assignment
-----------	-------------------

Wire color	Description
Brown	INPUT 2
White	INPUT 1

Issue V1.0 (2021-07-30)

User Manual Copyright © Yuejiang Technology Co., Ltd.



Blue	485_B
Black	485_A
Red	24 V
Grey/Pink/Orange	GND
Yellow	OUTPUT 1
Green	OUTPUT 2



2. Installation Instructions

2.1 **Dimension**

The specific dimension of PGE-2 gripper is shown in Figure 2.1 Dimension drawing of PGE-2.

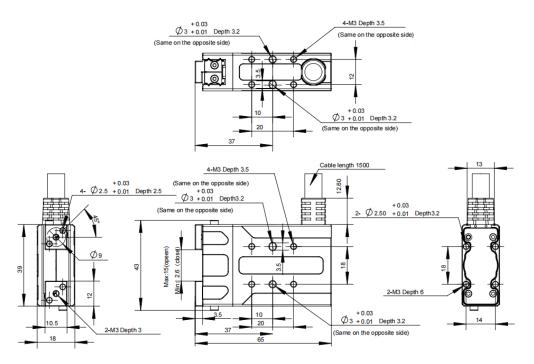


Figure 2.1 Dimension drawing of PGE-2

2.2 Shipping list

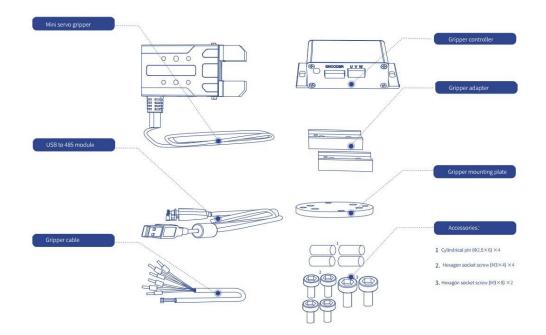


Figure 2.2 Shipping list





2.3 Installation procedure

Step 1 Remove the end of the gripper, as shown in Figure 2.3 Remove the end of gripper.



Figure 2.3 Remove the end of gripper

Step 2 Install the gripper adapter and tighten the screw, as shown in Figure 2.4 Install gripper adapter

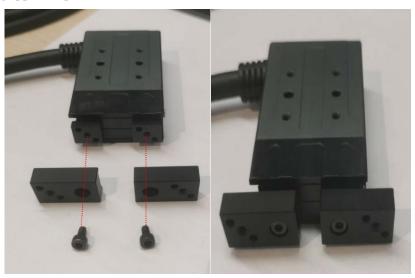


Figure 2.4 Install gripper adapter

Step 3 Install the end of the gripper and tighten the screw, as shown in Figure 2.5.



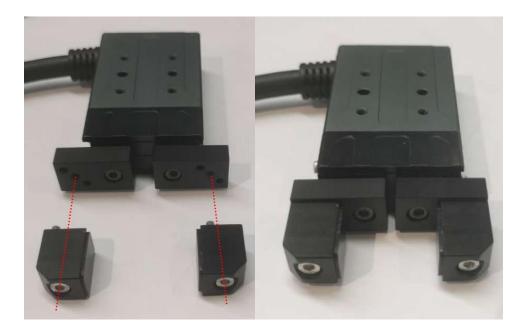


Figure 2.5 Install the end of gripper

Step 4 Install the gripper mounting plate, and tighten two screws, as shown in Figure 2.7.



Figure 2.6 Gripper mounting plate



Figure 2.7 Install gripper mounting plate

Step 5 Install the end flange of MG400 (accessory of MG400) to the gripper mounting plate, and tighten four screws, as shown in Figure 2.8.

Issue	V1.0	(2021-07-30)
-------	------	--------------





Figure 2.8 Install the end flange of MG400

Step 6 Install the servo gripper to MG400 through the end flange of MG400, and tighten the screws on the side of flange.



Figure 2.9 Install servo gripper

Step 7 Connect the two cable connectors (white and green) of the servo gripper to the ports of controller, as shown in Figure 2.10 Connect servo gripper to





Figure 2.10 Connect servo gripper to controller

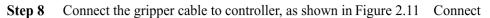




Figure 2.11 Connect gripper cable to controller

Step 9 Connect the gripper cable to MG400, as shown in Figure 2.12 Connect gripper cable to MG400. Connect 24V and 0V port of gripper cable to 24V and GND port of MG400 respectively. Connect INPUT1, INPUT2, OUTPUT1 and OUTPUT2 to any DO port of MG400.



Figure 2.12 Connect gripper cable to MG400.

```
Issue V1.0 (2021-07-30)
```

User Manual Copyright © Yuejiang Technology Co., Ltd.



3. Modbus-RTU Control

3.1 Wiring

Use the provided RS-485 to USB converter (see the schematic in Figure 3.1 below) to plug into a PC or other Controllers.

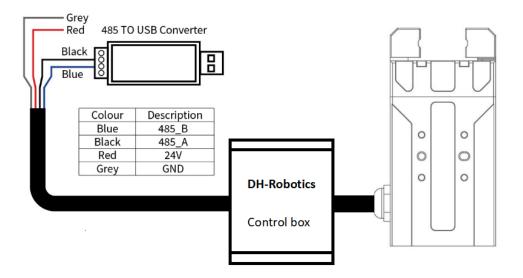


Figure 3.1 RS485 connection

Warning

• Note the line order before inserting. Please note that the DC24V is red and GND is negative.

3.2 Default communication parameters

Slave Address	:	1
Baud Rate	:	115200
Data Bits	:	8 bits
Stop Bits	:	1 stop bit
Parity	:	None

3.3 Modbus-RTU description

3.3.1 **RTU framing**

This gripper uses the standard Modbus-RTU protocol.

In RTU mode, the first field is the device address. The allowable characters transmitted for all fields are hexadecimal 0 ... 9, A ... F. Networked devices monitor the network bus continuously, including during the silent intervals. When the first field (the address field) is received, each device decodes it to find out if it is the addressed device.

A typical message frame is shown in Table 3.1.



Slave Address	Function	Register address	Register data	CRC
01	06	01 00	00 01	49 F6

Table 3.1RTU framing (Function Code:0x06)

Slave Address: The Slave address of the gripper. The default is 1, you can also modify it through write different value to Slave Address register.

Function: The Function Code field tells the addressed slave what function to perform. Includes read or write registers function.

Register address: Specifies which registers reference to be written.

Register data: Specifies which value to be written. Each register (word - 16 bits) of the Modbus RTU protocol is composed of 2 bytes (8 bits) from the Gripper.

CRC: the CRC error-checking field contains a 16-bit value implemented as two eight-bit bytes. The CRC field is appended to the message as the last field in the frame. The low-order byte of the field is appended first, followed by the high-order byte. The CRC high-order byte is the last byte to be sent in the message.

3.3.2 Supported Modbus function code

This griper uses MODBUS- RTU. The following function codes are currently supported:

03 (HEX): Read Holding Registers

06 (HEX): Write Single Register

10 (HEX): Write Multiple Registers

3.3.3 Register mapping

The gripper's Modbus-RTU registers consist of two types of registers: **the basic control registers** and **the configuration registers**.

Basic control registers: initialization, force setting, reference position, speed, and some states.

Configuration registers: gripper's parameter configuration. Includes Modbus communication parameters and I/O parameters.

Function	high- order byte	low- order byte	Description	Write	Read
Initialization	0x01	0x00	Initialize the gripper	0x01 : initialization ; 0xA5: Fully initialization	Current setting
Closing force		0x01	Gripper's closing force	20-100 (%)	Closing-force
Issue V1.0 (2021-07-30)			User Manual	Copyright © Yuejia	ang Technology Co., Ltd.

 Table 3.2
 Basic control register map



					currently set
Opening force		0x02	Gripper's opening force	20-100 (%)	Opening-force currently set
Position		0x03	Position	0-1000 (‰)	Reference position currently set
Speed		0x04	Speed	1-100 (%)	Speed currently set
Initialization state		0x00	Initialization state of the gripper	Read Only	0: Not initialized; 1: Initialized
Gripper state	0x02	0x01	Gripper state	Read Only	 0: In motion; 1: Reach position; 2: Object caught; 3: Object dropped
Position		0x02	gripper position	Read Only	Current actual position

 Table 3.3
 Configuration register map

Function	High byte	Low bytes	Description	Write	Read
Save Parameter		0x00	Save all the parameters	0: default, 1: Write all parameters to save	0
Initialization direction		0x01	Configure initialization direction	0: Open, 1:Close (default: 0)	Current setting
Slave Address		0x02	Configure gripper Modbus address	0-255 (default: 1)	Current setting
Baud Rate	0x03	0x03	Configure gripper Modbus Baud rate	0-5: 115200, 57600, 38400, 19200, 9600, 4800 (default :0)	Current setting
Stop Bits		0x04	Configure gripper Modbus stop bits	0: 1 stop bit;1: 2 stop bits(default: 0)	Current setting
Parity		0x05	Configure gripper Modbus Parity	0: None parity; 1: Odd parity; 2: Even parity (default: 0)	Current setting
I/O Parameters Test	0x04	0x00	Test I/O parameters	1; 2; 3; 4	Current setting
I/O Mode Switch		0x02	I/O control switch	0: OFF, 1: ON	Current setting

Issue V1.0 (2021-07-30)



I/O Parameter Configuration	0x05- 0x10	Four groups of I/O parameters	position 1, force 1, speed 1 to position 4, force 4, speed 4	Current setting
--------------------------------	---------------	-------------------------------	--	-----------------

3.3.4 **Register description**

3.3.4.1 Initialization

This register is used to initialize the gripper.

Write: If write 1 (0x01 hex) to this register, the gripper will be initialized (fingers move to the minimal or maximum position. The initialization direction depends on the value of initialization direction register). If write 165 (0xA5 hex) to this register will fully initialize the gripper(find the minimal and maximum position).

Read: if gripper need to be initialized or have initialized, this register value is 0; and if gripper is in initializing process, this register value is 1.

The register address is 0x0100. The description of this register is shown in Table 3.4.

Table 3.4 Initialization

Function	Address	Description	Write	Read
Initialization	0x0100	Initialize the gripper	0x01: initialize; 0xA5: Fully initialize	Current setting

The gripper needs to be initialized before control.

The sample command is as follows:

Initialize (write):

Send: 01 06 01 00 01 49 F6

Receive: 01 06 01 00 01 49 F6

Reinitialize(write):

Send:01 06 01 00 00 A5 48 4D

Receive: 01 06 01 00 00 A5 48 4D

3.3.4.2 Force

This register is used to set Force. It defines the current for the Gripper. If the current limit is exceeded, the fingers stop and trigger an object detection.

The address is 0x0101. The description of this register is shown in Table 3.5.

Table 3.5 Force

Function	Address	Description	Write	Read
Force	0x0101	Gripper's closing force	20-100 (%)	Force currently set

The force value range is 20-100, the corresponding value is 00 14-00 64(Hexadecimal).

Issue V1.0 (2021-07-30)User ManualCopyright © Yuejiang Technology	ology Co., Ltd.
---	-----------------



Example:

Set 30% closing force (write):

Send: 01 06 01 01 1E 59 FE

Return: 01 06 01 01 1E 59 FE

Read the closing force currently set (read):

Send: 01 03 01 01 00 01 D4 36

Return: 01 03 02 xx xx crc1 crc2

3.3.4.3 Position

This register is used to set the reference position of gripper's fingers, then the fingers will move to the position immediately.

The address is 0x0103. The description of this register is shown in Table 3.6.

Table 3.6 Position

Function	Address	Description	Write	Read
Position	0x0103	Reference Position	0-1000 (‰)	Reference position currently set

The reference position value range is 0-1000 (%), the corresponding value is $00\ 00 - 03$ E8(Hexadecimal).

Example:

Set 500% position (write):

Send: 01 06 01 03 01 F4 78 21 Return: 01 06 01 03 01 F4 78 21

Read the reference position currently set(read):

Send: 01 03 01 03 00 01 75 F6

Return: 01 03 02 xx xx crc1 crc2

3.3.4.4 Speed

This register is used to set the Gripper closing and opening speed.

The address is 0x0102. The description of this register is shown in Table 3.7.

Table 3.7 Speed instructions

Function	Address	Description	Write	Read
Speed	0x0104	Speed	1-100 (%)	Speed currently set

The speed value range is 1-100 $\,$, The corresponding value is $00\,01 - 00\,64$ (Hexadecimal). Example:

Issue V1.0 (2021-07-30)User ManualCopyright © Yuejiang Technology Co., Ltd.



Set 50% speed (write):

 Send:
 01 06 01 04 00 32 48 22

 Return:
 01 06 01 04 00 32 48 22

Read the current speed (read):

Send: 01 03 01 04 00 01 C4 37

Return: 01 03 02 xx xx crc1 crc2

3.3.4.5 Initialization state

This register is used to store current initialization state of gripper, you can get the initialization state by reading this register.

The address is 0x0200. The description of this register is shown in Table 3.8.

Table 3.8Initialization state

Function	Address	Description	Write	Read
Initialization State	0x0200	Initialization state of the gripper	Read Only	0 : Not initialized; 1: Initialized

Example:

Read initialization state (read):

Send: 01 03 02 00 00 01 85 B2

Return: 01 03 02 00 00 B8 44

3.3.4.6 Gripper state

This register is used to store the Gripper state, you can get the state of gripper by reading this register.

And the address is 0x0201. The description of this register is shown in Table 3.9.

Function	Address	Description	Write	Read
Gripper State	0x0201	the gripper state	Read Only	 0: In motion; 1 : Reached position; 2: Object caught; 3: Object dropped

Table 3.9 Gripper state

States Description

Different values indicate different states of the gripper. The descriptions of states are as follows:

- 00: Fingers are in motion .
- 01: Fingers are at reference position. No object detected or object has been dropped.

```
Issue V1.0 (2021-07-30) User Manual Copyright © Yuejiang Technology Co., Ltd.
```



• 02: Fingers have stopped due to an object detection.

• 03: Fingers are at reference position due to object has been dropped after the gripper caught object.

Example:

Read gripper state (read):

Send: 01 03 02 01 00 01 D4 72

Return: 01 03 02 00 02 39 85(02: object caught)

3.3.4.7 Current position

This register is used to store the Actual position of the Gripper.

The address is 0x0202. The description of this register is shown in Table 3.10.

Table 3.10Current position

Function	Address	Descri	iption	Write	R	ead
Current Position	0x0202	Gripper position	actual	Read Only	Current position	actual

Example:

Read actual position (read):

Send: 01 03 02 02 00 01 24 72

Return: 01 03 02 xx xx crc1 crc2

3.3.4.8 Save parameter

This register is used to Save Parameter.

Write 1 to this register to save all parameter, If you modified the I/O or communication parameters.

The address is 0x0300. The description of this register is shown inTable 3.11.

Table 3.11 Save parameter

Function	Address	Description	Write	Read
Save Parameter	0x0300	Save register's value to Flash	0: default,1: Save all parameters	0

Example:

Save Parameter (Write):

Send: 01 06 03 00 00 01 48 4E

Return: 01 06 03 00 00 01 48 4E

NOTE

Issue V1.0 (2021-07-30)

User Manual Copyright © Yuejiang Technology Co., Ltd.



• The Saving process will take 1-2 seconds, and the gripper won't response to other command during this process. The gripper will response this command after saving process finished.

3.3.4.9 Initialization direction

This register is used to set Initialization Direction of gripper.

The address is 0x0301. The description of this register is shown in Table 3.12.

Function	Address	Description	Write	Read
Baud Rate	0x0301	Configure initialization direction	0: Open, 1:Close (default: 0)	Current setting

The value of this register is 0 by default.

If the register value is 0, when you send the initialization command, the gripper finger will open and find the maximum position.

If the register value is 1, when you send the initialization command, the gripper finger will close and find the minimal position.

Example:

Write 0 to initialization direction register:

Send: 01 06 03 01 00 00 D8 4E

Return: 01 06 03 01 00 00 D8 4E

3.3.4.10 Slave address

This register is used to set Slave Address of gripper.

The address is 0x0302. The description of this register is shown in Table 3.13.

Table 3.13Slave address

Function	Address	Description	Write	Read
Slave Address	0x0302	Configure gripper Slave Address	0-255 (default: 1)	Current setting

The value of this register is 1 by default.

Example:

Set the Slave Address to 1 (write):

Send: 01 06 03 02 00 01 E9 8E

Return: 01 06 03 02 00 01 E9 8E

NOTE

• Please make sure that no other networked device has the same slave address as the gripper.

```
Issue V1.0 (2021-07-30) User Manual Copyright © Yuejiang Technology Co., Ltd.
```



3.3.4.11 Baud rate

This register is used to set Baud Rate of gripper.

The address is 0x0303. The description of this register is shown in Table 3.14.

Function	Address	Description	Write	Read
Baud Rate	0x0303	Configure gripper Modbus Baud rate	0-5 : 115200 , 57600 , 38400 , 19200, 9600, 4800 (default: 0)	Current setting

The value of this register is 0 by default, corresponding to a baud rate of 115200.

Example:

Set gripper baud rate to115200 (write):

Send: 01 06 03 03 00 00 79 8E

Return: 01 06 03 03 00 00 79 8E

3.3.4.12 Stop bits

This register is used to set Stop Bits of gripper.

The address is 0x0302. The description of this register is shown in Table 3.15.

Table 3.15 Stop bits settings

Function	Address	Description	Write	Read
Stop Bits	0x0304	Configure gripper Modbus stop bits	0: 1 stop bit 1: 2 stop bits (default: 0)	Current setting

The value of this register is 0 by default, corresponding to 1 stop bit.

Example:

Set the gripper stop bit to 1 stop bit (write):

Send: 01 06 03 04 00 00 C8 4F

Return: 01 06 03 04 00 00 C8 4F

3.3.4.13 Parity

This register is used to set Parity of gripper.

The address is 0x0305. The description of this register is shown in Table 3.16.

Issue V1.0 (2021-07-30)



Function	Address	Description	Write	Read
Parity	0x0305	Configure gripper Modbus Parity	0: None Parity 1: Odd Parity 2: Even Parity (default : 0)	Current setting

Table 3.16 Parity

The value of this register is 0 by default, corresponding to None Parity.

Example:

Set the gripper's Parity to None Parity (write):

Send: 01 06 03 05 00 00 99 8F

Return: 01 06 03 05 00 00 99 8F

3.3.4.14 Test I/O parameters

This register is used to test the I/O Parameters.

The address is 0x0400. The description of this register is shown in Table 3.17.

Table 3.17 I/O control

Function	Address	Description	Write	Read
Test I/O Parameters	0x0400	Test I/O Parameters	1; 2; 3; 4	Current setting

This register can be used to directly test 4 groups of I/O parameters through Modbus-RTU to ensure that the I/O parameters are appropriate. For example, Write 1 to this register, the gripper will execute action with the first group of I/O parameter.

Example:

Control gripper by using first group of I/O parameter (write):

Send: 01 06 04 00 00 01 49 3A

Return: 01 06 04 00 00 01 49 3A

3.3.4.15 **I/O mode switch**

This register is used to turn I/O Control Mode ON or OFF.

The address is 0x0402. The description of this register is shown in Table 3.18.

Table 3.18 I/O mode switch

Functio	n Address	Description	Write	Read
I/O Mod Switch	e 0x0402	I/O Control Switch	0: OFF, 1: ON	Current setting

If you have written 1 to this register and have saved all parameters, the gripper will be

```
Issue V1.0 (2021-07-30)User ManualCopyright © Yuejiang Technology Co., Ltd.
```



initialized automatically after power on.

When the I/O Control Mode is turned on, the gripper can respond to Modbus-RTU commands and I/O, but I/O has priority.

The control method in different mode is shown in Table 3.19.

Table 3.19 (Control method
--------------	----------------

Switch State	Description	Modbus-RTU	I/O
0	I/O control mode off	YES	No
1	I/O control mode on	YES	YES

Example:

Set the I/O control mode switch off (write):

Send: 01 06 04 02 00 00 29 3A

Return: 01 06 04 02 00 00 29 3A

NOTE

• If you just need to control the gripper through Modbus RTU, you should write 0 to this register and save all parameters to turn off the I/O control mode.

3.3.4.16 I/O parameter configuration

Those registers are used to Set the I/O Parameters.

The address is 0x0405-0x0410. The description of this register is shown in Table 3.20..

Function	High- byte	Low bytes	Description	Write	Read
		0x05	position 1	0-1000‰	
I/O Group 1		0x06	force 1	20-100 %	
		0x07	speed 1	1-100 %	
		0x08	position 2	0-1000‰	
I/O Group 2		0x09	force 2	20-100 %	
	004	0x0A	speed 2	1-100 %	Comment
		0x0B	position 3	0-1000‰	Current setting
I/O Group 3		0x0C	force 3	20-100 %	
		0x0D	speed 3	1-100 %	
		0x0E	position 4	0-1000‰	
I/O Group 4		0x0F	force 4	20-100 %	
		0x10	speed 4	1-100 %	

Table 3.20I/O parameter configuration

Issue V1.0 (2021-07-30)User ManualCopyright © Yuejiang Technology Co., Ltd.



Example: Set the first group of I/O parameter (write) : Send: 01 06 04 05 01 2C 98 B6 (Reference position: 300‰) Return: 01 06 04 05 01 2C 98 B6 Send: 01 06 04 06 00 1E E8 F3 (Force: 30%)) Return: 01 06 04 06 00 1E E8 F3 Send: 01 06 04 07 00 1E B9 33 (Speed: 30%) Return: 01 06 04 07 00 1E B9 33

IO parameter address is continuous address, and four groups of IO parameters can be configured at one time by using the function code of 0x10, as follows:

Continuous multiple address write(write)[Group 1:1000‰position;20% force;10% speed Group 2:100 ‰ position;20% force;2% speed Group 3:0 ‰ position;100% force;5% speed Group 4:592‰position;100% force;10% speed]:

Send: 01 10 0405 000C 18 03e8 0014 000A 0100 0014 0002 0000 0064 0005 0250 0064 000a 9f 44

Return: 01 10 04 05 00 0C D1 3D

Issue V1.0 (2021-07-30)



4. I/O Control

The I/O mode is a common control method in industry.

The grippers will monitor the pin states of Input 1 and Input 2 (0V and high resistance states). For these two pins, there will be four logic states: 00,01,10,11. You can control this gripper through changing the states of Input 1 and Input 2, as shown in Table 4.1.

INPUT 1	INPUT 2	Pin state	I/O state	Perform action
High resistance	High resistance	0 0	Group 1	Target position 1,target force 1,target speed 1
0V	High resistance	10	Group 2	Target position 2, Target Force 2, Target Speed 2
High Resistance	0V	01	Group 3	Target position 3, Target Force 3, Target Speed 3
0V	0V	11	Group 4	Target position 4, Target force 4, target speed 4

Table 4.1 Input state

You can also get the gripper state by detecting the states of Output1 and Output 2(0V and high resistance states) as shown in Table 4.2.

Table 4.2Output1Output2State

I/O State (OUT1 OUT2)	State description
0 0	Fingers are in motion
1 0	Fingers are at reference position, No object detected or object has been dropped
0 1	Fingers have stopped due to an object detection

NOTE

• Please make sure that the I/O hardware type of the gripper is compatible with your controller's.

The four states of IO mode can be configured through Modbus RTU protocol of RS485, or the parameters of gripper can be configured through our debugging software. Please refer to the previous section for specific configuration mode. After the four groups of parameters are configured, the gripper can be controlled by setting the Input 1 and Input 2 pin states, and the clamp state can be obtained by detecting the Output 1 and Output 2.

4.1 Wiring

In I/O control mode, there are six wires need to be connected, including Input 1, Input 2,

	Issue V1.0 (2021-07-30)	User Manual	Copyright © Yuejiang Technology Co., Ltd.
--	-------------------------	-------------	---



24 V, Output 2, Output 1, GND. Refer to Table 4.3 for specific line sequence and color.

The gripper's Output pin should be connected to the Controller's Input pin. And the gripper's Input pin should be connected to the Controller's Output pin.

Wire color	Description
Brown	INPUT 2
White	INPUT 1
Blue	485_B
Black	485_A
Red	24 V
Grey/Pink/Orange	GND
Yellow	OUTPUT 1
Green	OUTPUT 2

4.2 I/O setting

The diagram of IO operation steps is as follows:



4.2.1 Configure IO

Connect 24 V, GND and 485_ A and 485_ B. Then you can use **I/O Parameter Configuration** to configure four groups of IO parameters. It is recommended to use serial port debugging software at PC for configuration. IO parameters are configured as continuous address, and 12 groups of data including 0x0405-0x0410 need to be set.

You can configure the IO parameters of the gripper in two ways, as follows:

The first way:

Use the test software of the gripper for configuration, as shown in Figure 4.1 and Figure 4.2



ontrol	Modbus-RTU	Parameters I.	0 Parameters	Other				
1	I/O Mode:	ON	~					
2		Group 1	Group 2	Group	3	Group 4		
2	Position(%):	1000	0	* 1000	*	0		
	Force(%):	100	100	30	•	30		
	10106(#).	-	100		·			
3	Speed(%) :	100 -	100	* 100	•	100		
3 rin 5	Save		100	• 100				
rip S	Save		100	100 T	1500 1000			
rip S	Save tate:	100 •	100		1500			
rip S	Save tate:	100 •	100		1500			
rip S O No	Save State: oving	100 •			1500 1000 1000			

Figure 4.1 Graphical configuration

ntrol Modbus-RTU F	Parameters I/O	Parameters Oth	ier			feedback(0	x0200) User Parameter	s (0x0300)	I/O Parameters(0x0400)	
I/O Mode:	on ~					Offset 0	Description Test I/O parameters	0	Value Value Range 0,1,2,3,4	
	Group 1	Group 2	Group 3		Group 4	1	Reserve	0	-	
Position(%);	1000		1000	•		2	I/O control enable	1	0,1	
Position(%):			1000	•		3	Reserve	0		
Force(%):	100	100	30	-	30	4	Reserve	0		
Speed(%):	100	100	100	*	100	5	Position_1	1000	0~1000	
	·	Ŀ				6	Force_1	100	20~100	
Save						7	Speed_1	100	1~100	
						8	Position_2	0	0~1000	
						9	Force_2	100	20~100	
ip State:				1500		10	Speed_2	100	1~100	
	100			1000		11	Position_3	1000	0~1000	
Moving	80		(YW)	500		12	Force_3	30	20~100	
Arrived 🛞	60			0		13	Speed_3	100	1~100	
3 Caught	40		电机电流	-500		14	Position_4	0	0~1000	
) Caught	20			-1000		15	Force_4	30	20~100	
				1000		16	Speed_4	100	1~100	

Figure 4.2 Test software register configuration

The second way:

You can use continuous multiple register write 10 (HEX):

Send: 01 10 0405 000C 18 <u>03e8 0014 000A 0100 0014 0002</u> <u>0000 0064 0005 0250 0064</u> <u>000a</u> 9f 44

Receive: 01 10 04 05 00 0C D1 3D

4.2.2 Open IO

Turn on the IO mode switch and write 01 at the register of 0x0402 to open it, as shown below:

The specific instructions are as follows:

Send: 01 06 04 02 00 01 E8 FA

Return: 01 06 04 02 00 01 E8 FA

```
Issue V1.0 (2021-07-30)
```

User Manual Copyright © Yuejiang Technology Co., Ltd.



4.2.3 Save settings

Save the configured parameters, and write 01 at the register of 0x300 for saving. Send: 01 06 03 00 01 48 4e

Return: 01 06 03 00 01 48 4e

4.2.4 Restart

After power off, you can connect the input and output to the corresponding equipment, and power on after confirming that the wiring is correct. The gripper will be initialized automatically. Then the gripper is controlled according to the input signal, and the running state is feed back through output.