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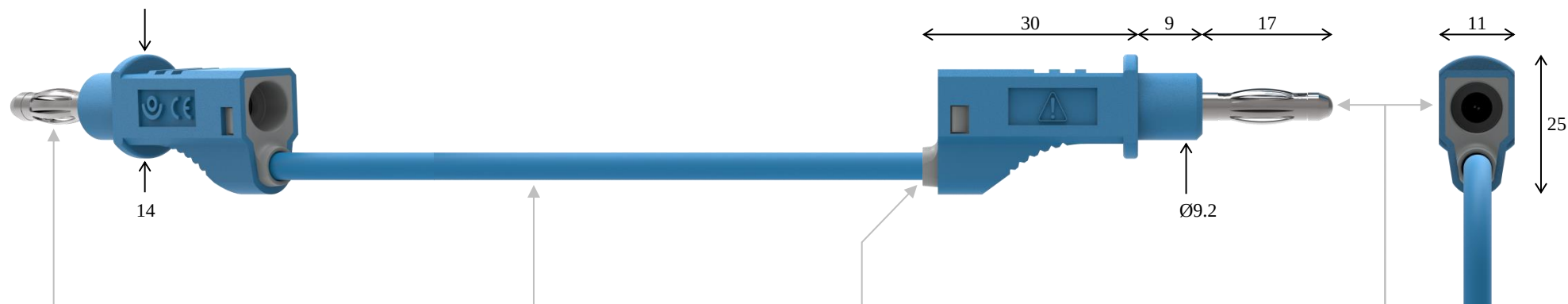


DATA SHEET (page 1 of 2).

Designation : Stacking 4 mm Banana (male) Plug to Stacking 4 mm Banana (male) Plug Lead.

Applications : to connect to 4 mm banana jacks, sockets, and binding posts. Very low voltage general purpose electric testing, controlling, and measuring.

Rear 4 mm banana female connection to stack the plugs (not shrouded plugs or plugs with retracting sleeves).



The design and the material of the lantern contact springs meet the needs of low resistance and reliability.

Electro-PJP's marking. (French design and manufacturing.)

European Union marking.

Current marking.

Double jacket wire to offer a wire wear indicator. PVC wire for low cost or silicone wire for more flexibility at low temperatures and better feel. Cross section areas 0.75 mm², 1.00 mm², 1.50 mm², and 2.50 mm² for currents 12 A, 20 A, 25 A, and 36 A respectively. Usual lengths 10 cm, 25 cm, 50 cm, 100 cm, 150 cm, and 200 cm (visible length of the wire, not the overall length of the lead).

The wire attachments comply with heavy duty.

The 4 mm banana male and female connections comply with the 4 mm banana sockets and plugs of the worldwide most famous manufacturers and meet the requirements of interchangeability dimensions of the standard NF C 93-440:1986.

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DATA SHEET (page 2 of 2).

Designation : Stacking 4 mm Banana (male) Plug to Stacking 4 mm Banana (male) Plug Lead.

Configure your lead and contact us :

- Wire jackets ?
- Wire cross section area and / or current ?
- Color ?
- Length ?

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Electrical safety	Very low voltages only : 30 V AC / 60 V DC. Up to 36 A (at +40 °C) depending on the wire.
Operating temperature range	-20 °C mini., +80 °C maxi. (please see above too).
Conformity	• European Directive "RoHS" 2011/65/UE. • European REACH regulation n°1907 / 2006. • Standard NF C 93-440:1986.
Environment	• "RoHS" compliant, Pb ≤ 4 % in conductor, Pb ≤ 0.1 % in insulator, Hg ≤ 0.1 %, Cr VI ≤ 0.1 %, Cd ≤ 0.01 %, PBB ≤ 0.1 %, and PBDE ≤ 0.1 %. • REACH compliant, no substances from the candidate list of SVHC for authorisation at mass concentrations greater than 0.1 %.
Materials	Conductors : nickel-coated brass and red annealed copper. Wire jackets : PVC or silicone. Insulators and lantern contact spring, please contact us.
Colors	Black Red Yellow Green Blue White
Length	10 cm, 25 cm, 50 cm, 100 cm, 150 cm, 200 cm (usual lengths).
Origin	 Designed and manufactured in France.
Reliability benchmark	Year of 1st placing on the market 1994.
Packaging	Bag of 10 units of the same color, wire, and length (default packaging).

GLOSSARY :

ACCESSIBLE. Able to be touched with a standard test finger or test pin.

BASIC INSULATION. Insulation of HAZARDOUS LIVE parts which provides basic protection.

CAT II. Measurement or overvoltage category II. For measurement performed on / equipment connected to the building wiring.

CAT III. Measurement or overvoltage category III. For measurement performed on / equipment connected to part of a building wiring installation.

CAT IV. Measurement or overvoltage category IV. For measurement performed on / equipment connected to the origin of the electrical supply to a building.

CLEARANCE. Shortest distance in air between two conductive parts.

CREEPAGE DISTANCE. Shortest distance along the surface of a solid insulating material between two conductive parts.

CTI. Comparative Tracking Index of the insulating material in accordance with IEC 60112.

DOUBLE INSULATION. Insulation comprising both BASIC INSULATION and SUPPLEMENTARY INSULATION.

EN / IEC 60529. European / international standard regarding the degrees of protection provided by enclosures.

EN / IEC 61010-1. European / international standard regarding the safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use – Part 1: General requirements.

EN / IEC 61010-031. European / international standard regarding the safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use – Part 031: Safety requirements for hand-held probe assemblies for electrical measurement and test.

"LVD". European Directive 2014/35/EU on the harmonization of the laws of Member States relating to electrical equipment designed for use within certain voltage limits. (Usually called the Low Voltage Directive.)

MAINS. Low-voltage electricity supply system to which the equipment concerned is designed to be connected for the purpose of powering the equipment.

MAINS CIRCUIT. Circuit which is intended to be directly connected to the MAINS for the purpose of powering the equipment.

OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY. Numeral defining a TRANSIENT OVERVOLTAGE condition.

POLLUTION. Addition of foreign matter, solid, liquid or gaseous (ionized gases), that may produce a reduction of dielectric strength or surface resistivity.

POLLUTION DEGREE. Numeral indicating the level of POLLUTION that may be present in the environment.

POLLUTION DEGREE 1. No POLLUTION or only dry, non-conductive POLLUTION occurs, which has no influence.

POLLUTION DEGREE 2. Only non-conductive POLLUTION occurs except that occasionally a temporary conductivity caused by condensation is expected.

REINFORCED INSULATION. Insulation which provides protection against electric shock not less than that provided by DOUBLE INSULATION.

"RoHS". European Directive 2011/65/EU on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.

SOLID INSULATION. Insulating materials.

SUPPLEMENTARY INSULATION. Independent insulation applied in addition to BASIC INSULATION in order to provide protection against electric shock in the event of a failure of BASIC INSULATION.

TRANSIENT OVERVOLTAGE. Short duration overvoltage of a few milliseconds or less, oscillatory or non-oscillatory, usually highly damped.

WORKING VOLTAGE. Highest r.m.s. value of the a.c. or d.c. voltage across any particular insulation which can occur when the equipment is supplied at rated voltage.